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Chazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1903-SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2510.

BISHOP LIBERT CONSECRATED AT ST. MARY'S

The Hawaiian Prelate Inducted With Striking Ceremonies In San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26 .- Among the last official acts of Pope Leo XIII was the writing of the letter of authorization for the consecration of Father Libert Hubert Boeynaems to be Bishop of Honolulu, the ceremony being performed yesterday morning at St. Mary's Cathedral on Van Ness avenue and O'Farrell street.

The magnificent white altar of the church was heavily draped with black in token of mourning for the death of the Pope, but the scene was dramatically gorgeous notwithstanding, for all classes of the clergy were represented in their full canonicals, and the ceremonies were

redolent with deep devotion and fervor.

Archbishop Riordan occupied his altar throne during the scene, but took no active part, the consecration being conducted by Coadjutor Archbishop George Montgomery, who was assisted by Bishop Grace of Sacramento and Bishop Conaty of Los Angeles. The Rev. P. E. Mulligan was master of ceremonies, aided by Father Charles A. Ramm. Among the clergy occupying places on the altar were: The Very Rev. J. J. Prendergast, Vicar-General, the Rev. P. Scanlon, Chancellor, Father Hamet of the French church, Father Lagan of the Sacred Heart, Father Santandreu of the Spanish church, and Father Clancy of St. Dominic's. There were also many representatives of the Jesuits, Franciscans, Dominicans, Marists and Capuchins, besides the regular clergy and church officials.

Headed by Archbishops Riordan and Montgomery, Bishops Conaty and Grace, and the candidate, a long procession of the dignitaries filed into the altar space from the sacristy and the ritual began, being intermingled with a low mass. Archbishop Montgomery took his seat on the episcopal faldistorium in the center, and Bishops Conaty and Grace, with the then Father Boeynaems took seats facing him at the front of the space, the clergy ranging themselves on either side, and the impressive proceedings commenced. Vicar-General Prendergast, began pealed to the highest power in the by reading the letter of authorization from the Pope, the document bearing the impression from the famous "Fisherman's ring." This recited He will be hanged as soon after twelve 13th. that the Holy Father was pleased to have Father Boeynaems made o'clock on Friday afternoon as it is Litular Bishop of Zeugma, an obsolete see of Asia Minor, his actual place of labor being the Hawaiian Islands.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY.

The oath of office according to custom had been privately administered, so that an examination pro forma in the articles of faith, and the mains is to put it up. This will not be asking of promises regarding the duties before the candidate followed, The mass then commenced, being conducted simultaneously by the consecrator and the consecrated as far as the Gospel, when further instructions were given, and the candidate prostrated himself before the altar, with the attending Bishops kneeling, while the litany of the Saints was recited, at the conclusion of which Archbishop Montgomery, with Bishops Conaty and Grace standing by the kneeling prelate, administered to him the blessing by the imposition of their outstretched hands on aside from those who are legally entihis bowed head.

After further prayer and the singing of the "Veni Creator," the chrism, he was presented with crozier, the Bishop's ring, and a book of to witness the execution. Some of from two years to life. One prisoner the gospels, when mass was again taken up at the Gospel by Archbishop Montgomery and the new prelate, this time at the same altar, each receiving communion, drinking from the same chalice and receiving the same Host. The new Bishop then made an offering of two candles, two loaves of bread, and two miniature barrels of wine, the significance of this being that these were the elements used in the con-

RECEIVES HIS INSIGNIA.

The candidate then received the final insignia of his elevation, the miter and gloves, standing in the full regalia of his rank, wearing a white and gold cope and white and gold miter, and doffing his beretum forever as a mark of position. Bishop Boeynaems then stepped forward as Archbishop Montgomery rose and took the throne vacated by his superior as a sign of his assumption of episcopal power. Archbishop Montgomery turning toward the altar, intoned a "Te Deum," while the new Bishop, escorted by the visiting prelates, made a progress through the church, giving his blessing to the congregation, and returning to the altar he pronounced the benediction.

The final step in the ceremony was then taken by Bishop Boeynaems approaching Archbishop Montgomery and saluting him with the words, "ad motus annos," after which the two prelates exchanged the kiss of peace, the new Bishop bestowing the same mark of fraternal love with Bishops Conaty and Grace, and the gospel of the mass ended the

beautiful ritual.

Bishop Boeynaems went to Honolulu in 1881, and ever since has been stationed here. During his time the church has made vast progress in the islands. "Our church has grown immensely of late years." he said yesterday, after leaving the cathedral. "Eliminating the Asiatic portion, we have as worshippers about 48 per cent. of the population, and are making progress with the Chinese, so much so that a portion of my duty here is to see if we can obtain catechisms printed in Chinese for them. At least it does not appear sition prisoners); George Wade, life; characters. I shall remain in California for some little time, as I am to awaken any sign of remorse in anxious to see something of the country, having been away for such Gisaburo

Bishop Boeynaems is not, in physical appearance, an ecclesiastical type of man. He is large and heavy in frame, possessing a massive head, crested with thick hair, and his face bears heavy whiskers of the shape characteristic of King Leopold of Belgium, whom he strongly resembles. He is a hearty, companionable man, of evidently extensive mental attainments, of striking amiability and sunny temperament, While in the city he will be the guest of Father Hamet, at 526 Bush

The music of the occasion, which was of a high order of merit, was by the cathedral quartet-Messrs. Manlloyd, Deasy, Borizeau and ing. Sandy-with Professor Harrison at the organ.

MANY MURDERERS IN THE OAHU PRISON

Tanbara Could Have an Audience of Companions In Crime If Warden Henry Willed It. One of the Fugitive Folsom Con-Preparations For Execution Completed.

Tanbara Gisaburo might have an of death. Governor Dole must sign his next Friday afternoon when the murare serving sentences of from two years to life, and three besides the

Tanbara's hanging will not only be the first under the Federal statutes in Hawaii but it will also be the first man to be hanged in Hawaii for six

sentenced from Kauai and hanged in He can't be hanged until the Suprem Onhu Prison. Since then although the Court has passed upon his appeal. death penalty has been imposed half a dozen times or more, no executing always intervened. But nothing can save Tanbara. He has already aption will take place in the prison yard The scaffold is all ready. All that redone until Friday morning.

CARDS FOR EXECUTION.

There has been a steady demand for cards of admittance to the execution both of Marshal Hendry and Warden Henry. The execution is conducted by the United States Marshal and he has decided that there will be no spectators | that he should be kept. And the murtled to attend. The medical men and also the members of the jury which ty or thirty doctors have asked to witwill very likely be granted, in the inlimited to about four score.

The reprieve granted by President Roosevelt does not expire until Friday place between twelve o'clock and half

TANBARA A CHRISTIAN.

Tanbara has embraced Christianity. tian minister. He was given the choice phreys. He has but a few months to between the Buddhist and Christian religions and chose the latter. The Rev. Mr. Motokawa visits him daily. No one else is allowed to see him. For that matter no one has asked to see him. The condemned man seems to be entirely without friends. He keeps his nerve well, though. He is gaining flesh da Yosaki, twenty years; Jos. Caceres through his confinement, and if he re- twenty years; Osaki Mankicho and alizes the punishment that awaits him. gives no sign. The Japanese are naturally stoical. Death has no terrors

OTHERS AWAITING DEATH.

Japanese who was sentenced to hang, ty years. Kishimoti Yashusuki, twenbut who has since been given a new ty years; Ben Gussman, two years; trial by the Supreme Court. This is Dengiro, the Kauai Japanese who was The Supreme Court found that he had two years: Funakoshi, thirty years not been given a fair trial. Dengiro is George Wade, ten years. not been given a fair trial. Dengiro is still in prison awaiting the new hear-

audience of thirty murderers if Ward- death warrant and fix the date of execution. This has not been done as yet and it is probable that the sentence may be commuted to imprisonment for derer of Captain Jacobsen is hanged. life. The Supreme Court a few days There is that number of murderers ago decided that Ferris or "Kentucky in Oahu Prison besides Tanbara. They Bill was not entitled to a new trial and nothing now stands in the way of his execution. A movement is now on foot however to have the sentence com-Japanese are also under sentence of | muted. It is claimed that he committed the murder in self defense, and the evidence showed that premedita tion was lacking. John Watson the man whom he killed, it is said provoked him. Ferris has not been informed of the decision of the Supreme Court nexation. Tanbara will be the first denying a new trial. He still hopes to escape the death penalty.

Kimura is another Japanese await ing hanging. His case is now on ap-Kapea was the last man to be hanged peal to the Supreme Court. Kimura in Hawaii. This was in 1896. He was killed a Japanese woman at Waialua a brother of W. O. Smith. He was murder was a particularly brutal one.

There is a peculiar coincidence in has ever taken place. Something has were all ordered hanged within a day of each other. Judge Gear passed the sentence of death upon Kimura and Ferris on September 12th last and

possible for it to be done. The execu- ing a man upon which to execute it. under the spreading banyan tree where of murder in the first degree and orusually the church meetings are held. dered hanged by Judge Little of Hilo. Little didn't believe in the Territorial law which provides for the execution in Oahu Prison and he ordered Sheriff Andrews to execute the Japanese in to see how it was done. Anyway about the time that it got to the hanging day, Fujihara disappeared from the jail in Hilo where Judge Little insisted derer has never been seen since.

THE OTHER MURDERERS.

The score and more of other murderthem have asked for cards, and it was has a seventy years sentence ahead reported yesterday that under the of her. Another man, George Wade, Federal statutes members of the jury is serving a life sentence and ten years given a life sentence and Gear let him ness the execution and the requests | go on habeas corpus. Then he was tried on another charge which had terest of science. Also court officials, been dropped previously, and convictthe press and some of the police will ed. He got ten years for that. Afterbe included in the card list. But the wards his first conviction was legalized crowd will not be large, and will be by the Supreme Court and the poor man has ten years to serve in eternity

These murderers were convicted of all degrees of that crime-from murder in at noon, and the execution will take the first degree to manslaughter in the third degree. One man convicted of this last charge had but six months to serve. Ben Gusman convicted of murder in the second degree was sentenc

> Here are the names of some of these murderers and the terms they were sentenced to serve:

Palolo, murder in the second degree seventy years; Kakalo, murder and manslaughter twenty-five years; Ima-Chida Manzaboro, twenty years each and Yamana Nenchiro fifteen years (these last three are the famous tran-Yong Lick Nee, life; Marcello, ten years; Kaio, life; William Ester, twenty years; Animoto, twenty-five years; Free Press. Samuel Barney, fifteen years; Wong There are three men in prison await- Hong Chong, ten years; Katsutoro, ing the death sentence, one man, a seven years; Sugimoto Kekachi, twen-Sasaki, twenty years; Chong Kong Wai, twenty years; Fugita Kichitaro, Dengiro, the Kauai Japanese who was life; Mrs. Eliza Andrews, ten years; prohibiting sentenced to death by Judge Hardy. Watanabe, twenty-five years; Makalo, Kherson.

Of the list given above it is interesting to note that just one-half or fifteen

IRISH BILL MAY BE BEATEN IN THE HOUSE OF LORDS

victs Captured and Shot at Railroad Station.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

LONDON, August 7.-The Irish land bill is meeting determined pposition in the House of Lords. The Government amendments have been defeated.

The sugar convention bill passed third reading.

AUBURN, Cal., August 7.-Convict Seavis was captured at the lepot here while trying to take an East-bound train. He resisted and was shot in both legs.

A. Seavis is said to have been the most desperate of the Folsom orison escapees. He was wounded in the battle with the posse at Pilot Hill on July 27. Three years ago Seavis was sent up from San Francisco to serve a sentence of twenty-five years for robbery. He is reported to have been in favor of murdering the warden and all of the guards of the prison during the brief time that the latter were in their hands after the escape.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., August 7.—Charles Lloyd, the capiconnection with these three cases. They talist who was shot in January last by his nephew, died yesterday in

Charles R, Lloyd, the Berkeley capitalist, was shot three times by United States, and without success. Dengiro was sentenced on September his nephew, William Boxall, on January 31. A mysterious family scandal was said to be the cause of the shooting. Boxall was put in jail and severe charges made against Lloyd. The latter recovered sufficiently A year ago Fujihara was found guilty to hurry away to the Orient with his wife and passed through Honolulu on this trip in June. He was required to put up a bond of \$10,000 to insure his return as a witness to testify against Boxall,

> DENVER, Col., August 7.-A severe hailstorm prevails on the Eastern slope of the Rockies. Houses and crops have been destroyed Hilo. He wanted his friends in Hilo and stock killed. Traffic on the railroads has been stopped.

> > JACKSON, Miss., August 7.—The Democratic primaries indicate the nomination of Money for Senator and James Vardaman for Gov-

POTTSVILLE, August 7.—The conciliation board adjusting the head and hands of Father Boeynaems were anointed with the holy found Tanbara guilty will be permitted ers in Oahu Prison are serving terms of anthracite scale is unable to agree and asks the appointment of a final

> MANILA, August 7.—The provinces are prejudiced against the are entitled to admission. Some twen- on top of that. He was convicted and new coinage. Governor Taft and the bankers have conferred on the

> > VIENNA, August 7.-The revolutionary party has fixed August 31 for a general uprising.

> > SAN FRANCISCO, August 7.-Mrs. Stanford sails on the Ventura for a trip around the world.

> > SOFIA, August 7.-The newspapers announce that Ferdinand is

Little Doris (talking to her doll, whose arm had come off, exposing At least he is visited daily by a Chris- ed to only two years by Judge Hum- the sawdust stuffing)-"You dear, good, obedient dolly, I knew I had told you to chew your food fine, but I did not think you would chew it so fine as that."—Glasgow Evening Times.

> Done in oil: Miss DeAuber (an amateur artist)-"Have you ever been done in oil, Mr. Mark?" Mr. Marks-"Well, I guess yes." Miss DeAuber-"And who was the artist?" Mr. Marks-"Artist nothing! It was a promoter that did me,"-Chicago News.

> Poor child: "I hear Jack Kandor was here to see the baby," said Mr. Hoamley. "Yes," his wife replied. "I supposed the first thing he said was: 'He looks just like his father'?" "No; the first thing he said was 'Good heavens!' Then he said that."-Philadelphia Press.

Positive, bet; comparative, better; superlative, better not.-Detroit

ROME, Italy, Aug. 6.-Pope Pius X. today granted an audience to the foreign diplomats.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia, Aug. 6.—An edict has been issued prohibiting Zionist meetings and contributions to the Zionist cause at

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 6.—Stuart M. Griggs, who claims to hail from Hawaii, was today placed under arrest charged with obtaining money under false false pretences.

FERRIS IS IN SHADOW

His Appeal Fails In Supreme Court.

George E. Ferris, alias Kentucky Bill, has had his fate decided—at least by the Territorial courts—in a unanimous opinion of the Supreme Court handed down yesterday. It is adverse to him. His exceptions to conviction and sen-tence for murder are overruled and the verdict of the jury is held as not having been contrary to the evidence.

Ferris was sentenced last September by Judge Gear to suffer the death penalty. His appeal delayed executive action in fixing the date for carrying out the sentence. As the decision of the appellate court is unanimous and disposes of the constitutional points raised on behalf of Ferris with citations of American authorities, it is im-possible that Ferris will be advised or encouraged to take an appeal to Washington. Besides, the necessary pre-liminary steps for such an appeal have never been taken.

Justice Perry is author of the opinion, of which the syllabus is as follows:

LAW POINTS DECIDED.

A party who neglects to claim his right of challenge to the grand jury, before they retire, waives it, although he may be imprisoned at the time.

The right, if any, of an accused to have the assistance of counsel at the impanelment of the grand jury, is waived if he neglects to claim it, even though imprisoned at the time.

Where one who is detained in custody awaiting action by the grand jury does not notify the court that he is financially unable to employ counsel for his defense and does not request the as-signment of counsel, it is not error for the court to fail to make such assignment prior to the arraignment.

At the arraignment a deputy of the Attorney-General may read the indict-

Upon a motion to discharge a defendant, made after plea of not guilty, on the ground that he has not been duly arraigned, one who, with the acquies-cence of all concerned, acted at the term of court at which the indictment was presented as a deputy of the Attorney-General must be presumed, in the absence of any showing to the contrary, to have been duly authorized to act in that capacity.

The use of intoxicating liquors by members of the jury pending the trial, and before the final submission of the case, such liquor having been furnished by one of their own number, will not, in the absence of a showing that prejudice to the defendant resulted therefrom, vitiate the verdict.

A court of record may, even at a subsequent term, cause amendments to be made to the minutes of its proceedings, kept by the clerk, to the end that the same may conform to the actual facts and truth of the case. Verdict held not contrary to the evi-

CONSTITUTIONAL.

offense of murder in the first degree and sentenced to death. The case comes to this court on thirty-one exceptions,

the court says. "Upon the calling of the first witness for the prosecution the defendant objected to the taking of any testimony and moved for a direction to acquit on the grounds, (a) that he had been de-prived of the right, claimed to be secured to him by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution, to be present at the impanelment of the grand jury which returned the indictment against him and also of the right, claimed to be secured to him by the sixth amendment, of having the aid and advice of counsel in such impanelment, (b) that he had not been arraigned upon the charge presented in the indictment, and had made no plea thereto, and that there was an untrue endorsement upon the indictment to the effect that he had pleaded guilty thereto, and (c) that he had been deprived of a trial of his cause before the regular jury for the August, 1902, term of the court and had been compelled to proceed to trial before another jury. The court quotes the rules relating to

grand juries and comments thus: The indictment against the defendant was found by the grand jury impaneled for the August term, 1902, of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit. At the time of the Impanelment of that jury. the defendant was in jail, held to an swer for the offense for which he was subsequently indicted. He made no request for leave to be present at the impanelment. No cause of challenge is shown or claimed to have existed.

The right to challenge a grand jury panel or an individual juror did not exist at common law but is statutory In this Territory it is given by of court, and in order to avail must be exercised before the jury re The privileges so granted by the rule may be exercised or not by the accused at his option and if he knows of no sufficient cause of challenge or for any other reason sees fit to waive the privilege, he may do so. If the acthe court may properly regard the silence as a walver. The fact that the defendant was in jail at the time of the impanelment does not, in our opinion, alter the case.

COUNSEL NOT DENIED. With regard to the exception that the defendant was not represented by counsel in preliminary proceedings. (Continued on page 3.)

BULGARIANS SET FIRE TO TURKISH SETTLEMENTS

OF DEATH Charles M. Schwab's Resignation of Steel Trust Presidency Due to III Health.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 5.-Fresh disturbances are reported from the villayet of Monastir. Bulgarians have set fire to Turkish villages.

NEW YORK, August 5.-Charles M. Schwab still retains his interest in the Steel trust. His resignation is solely due to ill health.

Chas. M. Schwab, the marvel of the business world of modern years, has resigned his connection with active business affairs. Mr. Schwab has only been in business a comparatively few years. Twenty years ago he started his career on a salary of one dollar per day under Andrew Carnegie. Now he retires with millions from the presidency one of the greatest business concerns on the earth.

Mr. Schwab is succeeded by his lifelong friend and business associate, William E. Corey of Pittsburg, president of the Carnegie Steel Works, a constituent company of the billion dollar steel trust.

For over a year Mr. Schwab has been in very poor health. Schwab P was born in Williamsburg, Blair county, Pa., on February 18, 1862, A his father being a woolen manufacturer. He received his early education at St. Francis' College, Loretto, whence he graduated in July, 1880. After six months' work as a clerk in a grocery store, he entered the engineering department of the Carnegie works at Braddock, Pa., and six months later he was made chief of that branch of the system. In 1887 he was appointed superintendent of the Homestead Steel Works, and two years later he was advanced to the head of the Edgar Thomson Works. He was elected a member of the board of managers of the company in 1896, and a year later succeeded John G. A. Leishman to the office of president of the Carnegie Steel Company, limited. In 1901 he became President of the Steel Trust at a salary of a million dollars

threatens to lynch William Hamilton who confessed that he assaulted and murdered a thirteen year old girl.

PLACERVILLE, Cal., August 5.—During the day the posses discovered a fresh trail of the escaping convicts and went in pursuit.

would accept the request of the King that he continue as Viceroy of

Lord Curzon was first appointed Viceroy of India in 1898. Lady Curzon, it will be remembered, was formerly Miss Leiter, of Chicago, and before her marriage was a reigning belle in the Windy City. Her union with Lord Curzon has been followed by years of true domestic happiness. Lord Curzon was sent to India about five years ago to succeed Lord Elgin as Viceroy. He has had some specially trying and difficult problems to face, the greatest among them being the famine of was all we sent to Hawaii. four years ago, the worst that India had ever known. His rule has been a popular one in India.

PLACERVILLE, Cal., August 4.—The Folsom convicts are still at large despite the constant search of the large body of men in pursuit. NEW YORK, N. Y., August 4.-W. E. Corey has been elected The defendant was convicted of the president of the United States Steel Corporation to succeed Chas.

> COWES, England, August 4.- Emperor William's American built yacht Meteor won the King's Cup race in the contest held off the Isle of

> KIEFF, Russia, August 4.-Nearly every workman on the railways centering in Kieff have gone out on a strike. A general tie-up of the railway system is threatened and thousands are out of work. military is keeping strict guard to put down disturbances likely to arise.

GRAND AND TRIAL FEDERAL JURORS

Following are the lists of grand and trial jurors for the October term of the United States District Court, drawn by Clerk W. B. Maling and summoned by Marshal E. R. Hendry:

GRAND JURORS.

John D. Holt, Sr., M. W. W. Gilbert. George G. Fuller, J. R. Galt, Honolulu; W. H. C. Campbell, Puna, Hawaii; L. A. Rostin, Honolulu: J. E. Gamalielson, Hilo; W. E. Bevins, Honolulu; J. A. Palmer, Makaweli, Kauai; C. J. Hutchins, Honolulu; Andrew Adams, Kahuku, Oahu; Walter H. Hyman, Alex. Ilihia, Honolulu; F. S. Grey, Hilo; Thomas Honan, Jr., C. B. Huston, Godfrey Brown, Geo. H. Holt, Honolulu; E. R. Bivens, Aiea, Oahu: J. E. Gomes, J. P. Amaral, Hilo; W. A. Fetter, Hilo; Luther S. Aungst, Kailua, Hawaii.

TRIAL JURORS.

L. Merrill, Allan Herbert, C. J. Hutthins, Wm. C. Cummings, Honolulu; Chas. B. Cockett. Lahaina, Maui; J. H. Fisher, Honolulu; Manuel Santos, Hilo; Norman Halstead, P. E. R. Strauch, Honolulu; R. W. Jones, Kamuela, Hawaii; Dan Houghtailing, Geo. A. Bower, F. B. Damon, Honolulu: Weight, Lanai; H. H. Williams, D. A. Davis, B. W. Houghtatling, W. C. Willer, Honolulu; P. Peck, Thomas Much. B. Wood, Honolulu; Wm. Panullo; C. S. Desky, D. T. Arthur B. Green. Bailey, Alfred Arendt, W. H. G. Arne-mann, Wm. C. Crook, Jr., Thomas Gandall, Honolulu; Henry Blake, Ko-loa, Kauai; C. W. Macfarlane, Hono-

THE BAGGAGE ORDER SUSPENDED

Collector of Customs E. R. Stackable received the following cablegram from Washington yesterday:

Until further notice pending investigation by Department suspend examination of all baggage, or other goods at your port, except such as is actually put ashore.

> ARMSTRONG. Acting Secretary.

This indicates that there will be no more trouble, at least at present, with vessels arriving at Honolulu from foreign ports, and steamers in the future will be able to dock much sooner than they have been doing of late.

NEW TAX APPEAL JUDGE IS CHOSEN

Governor Dole has selected A. J. Campbell to take the seat of Jacob F. Brown, resigned, in the Tax Appeal Court. Mr. Campbell is an experienced man of business whose counsel in adjusting differences between the assessor and the taxpayer will be that of an

Chris. J. Holt, clerk in the Tax office, is arranging the appeals in proper order for submission to the court. This work will be completed within a few following the dictates of my own con-

ARE PAID FOR IN TRADE MILLIONS FOR HOW TERRITORIAL GAINS

A correspondent in the New York Sun seeks to prove that expansion pays by quoting statistics to show the trade between the mainland and Hawaii, Alaska, Porto Rico and the Philippines. He says;

"Our pessimistic friends are fond of asserting that territorial expansion does not pay, especially in the acquirement of non-contiguous territories. They say we would be better off, now and hereafter, without Porto Rico, the Philippines, Hawaii. Alaska Guam and Tutuila, but they give us no figures of results to prove their point. We, on the other hand, are able by figures of results to show that territorial expansion does pay, and pays well.

The Department of Commerce and Labor, through its Bureau of Statistics, informs us that for the eleven months ended May 31 our commerce with the territories named amounted to \$86,581,026. As the single month of May gave us a commerce with these territories of the value of nearly \$9,000,000, these results justify the assertion that when the books are figured up tao the end of the fiscal year, June 30, it will be found that we have done a business of \$100,000,000 for the year lows: with these branch establishments of ours.

In the eleven months our merchandise shipments were:

Porto Rico			\$	11,030,014
Hawaii				9,977,617 3,598,613
Philippines	** ******			3,598,613
Alaska				7,752,798
Guam and Tutuila	1	* * * * * * * * * * * * *		7,752,798 96,812
Total			7	

chandise shipments to us, as follows:

Porto Rico	10,301,952
Hawaii	21,806,251
Philippines	11,089,896
Alaska	10,111,047
Merchandise total, eleven months\$ Also gold from Alaska	53.309,146 4.540,677
Grand total shipments to us\$ Add shipments by us	57,849,823 32,455,854

Total commerce, eleven months......\$ 90,305,677 Rendering probable for twelve months......\$100,000,000 The writer gives the details of the trade with each of the countries.

As to Hawaii his figures are as follows: We sent to Hawaii, principally: Cotton manufactures Wood manufactures 538,296 Spirits, wines and malt liquors..... Tobacco manufactures 288,435 Paper, and manufactures of..... Vegetables

Hawaii sent to us, principally: Iron and steel manufactures Fruits and nuts.. Hides and skins

All that Hawaii sent us was carried in American vessels, as also

CURTIS IAUKEA COMPLAINS THAT HE WASN'T APPRECIATED

the following letter from Curtis Iaukea which may be taken as his bid for the Home Rule nomination of Sheriff:

Now that I have seen the error of my ways and like a good penitent stand ready to defend the fair name of Hawali and her native sons, against the attack of our common enemy, let me implore you and all true Hawaiians to forget the past and as American citizents stand up for our rights.

"Kanakas" indeed! I wonder if some of our malihini politicians know how endearing the term "kanaka" is to a Hawaiian when applied in the sense they are so fond of designating the native sons of the soil. But I had better assign this task to you. Perhaps you can explain its significance in more forcible language than I have at my command. What matters it any way I don't suppose it would make any difference to those who have about as much regard for a native as a cat for a

But dear me! How my poor head reels with the anguish. Only a short time ago, it seemed but yesterday, and Mr. Iaukea was the nicest fellow you ever saw. In annexation circles, received with open arms. After carrying a strong Home Rule Precinct for the Republicans, offers of office came so fast that it almost staggered one, not knowing which to select. But when laukea's name at last reached a Republican caucus, why, up went the cry -"Oh! he is opposed to the Executive Council!"-and with horror depicted on every countenance, poor Iaukea in annexation circles became the accursed republican: the self-confessed criminal; the knavish rogue; the papala poli- that we help load coal into the box. tician; the Home Ruler; the bigoted That was easy. fool; the hotel keeper (as if it was a crime to be one); the valet de chambre; and God knows what all.

And what an "unfortunate step" I must have taken, Mr. Editor, when in time, but shall rove around a bit and bottle at hand.

The Independent printed yesterday said, I withdrew affiliation with a polit ical party and scattered to the four winds all future hopes of political greatness. Think of what I have Water pipe system and stand sacrificed! (This is news indeed, for to tell you the truth I didn't know there was any political future in this country for any body who affiliated with the party of annexation or who even Yards and docks shop...... held office under the P G's and I was one of those.)

> Well, it's all over now. It is past recall and I shall have to take my deserts | 2 dry docks | Electric plant judgment will be those who at one time Trees, etc. wouldn't be found dead in a P G's company. The past is all forgotten now. This is America, the land of the free and the brave, where freedom reigns supreme, where centralized government and republican institutions go hand in hand.

But ere I fall, let me, like Cardinal Wolsey, (changing the words to suit this particular case) exclaim: "If I gration at this port, believes the Mr. had served my people as well as I had Bechtel announced by cable as comthis particular case) exclaim: "If I served my party, they would not have ing is a stenographer detailed to his left me in my old age naked to my ene-

C. P. IAUKEA.

Students as Field Laborers.

Twelve Harvard students, all from Boston, applied at the State Employ-

ment Bureau at Kansas City recently for work in the Kansas wheat fields The eldest is only twenty. They spoke freely of everything except their identity, which they conceal. The leader of the party, a giant in physique, said

"We are going out to the wheat fields just for the novelty. We shall harvest wheat, drive wagons, carry water and eat bacon and corn bread with the rest of them. We return to Boston and Harvard this fall. We beat our way here on freights, leaving Boston early last week. We got put off the trains once or twice, but usually the brake-men permitted us to ride on condition

"We have never been in the West be fore, and when we saw that Kansas was howling for men we got up a party and decided to come out here. not stay in the wheat fields all the

see what the West looks like."

The students received their assignscience, guilty conscience, I should have ments and left for Kansas.

PEARL HARBOR

Capt. White on the Next Important Steps.

Now that Pearl Harbor is opened for steamers it is very likely that the au-thorities at Washington will begin to take action in the matter of making improvements on the government prop-erty. Speaking of the matter yester-day Captain White, the civil engineer of the Honolulu station, spoke as fol-

"Judging from the past I consider it quite likely that the Secretary of the Navy will appoint a board at Washington to draw up general plans for the work to be done. I have sent on my estimates of what in my opinion should be done. These suggestions will be submitted to the board, who in turn will submit their report to Congress, and it will rest with that body as to what improving our holdings around Pearl Harbor. I have asked for two dry-docks for I think that they will be no more than we shall need and it will be cheaper to build both at once than to build a second later on. The place which I have selected for the dry docks is on the mainland across the channel from the southern end of Ford's Island. One of the dry docks will be 750 feet long and the other 550 feet in length, and the gateway will admit a vessel with a beam of ninety feet. In fact any vessel in the world would be able to enter the docks. Nothing will be put on Ford's Island. The land which we have there was only obtained that we might control the channel. There is a reef which crosses the channel and I shall ask for an appropriation to have this removed, and also to have some dredging done along different parts of the shore line. The ordnance department, according to the plans, will be on Kuahua island. The site for the dry docks is about 4800 feet from the Oahu Railway, and the line of our land crosses the railroad tracks about 1100 feet from Puuloa station.

"We shall have our own system of railroad in the running over the gov-ernment grounds. No," he said in an-swer to a question, "as the government does not allow outside parties to use its land the Oahu Railroad will not be allowed to extend its tracks across our territory, save where they already have the right of way and are now running their trains. However they may run a branch line along the Bishop Estate lands just outside, but following the course of our property line. The way

what the rallway company will do in the matter I do not know." Captain White in his annual report to the Navy Department sent in the following detailed estimates of the work to be done in improving the Pearl Harbor property. It will be seen at a glance that the work to be done is enormous and will give employment to

hundreds of men for months: 5 sets officers' quarters......\$ 40,000 3 sets warrant officers quarters 15,000 3 artesian wells 1 pumping plant...... 2 store houses Oil store house..... Machine shop 150,000 1 foundry 150,000 2 wharves Grading and paving 100,000 Quay wall Barn and cart sheds..... Office building Office for civil engineer..... Tools and appliances..... Watchmen's house and quarters Railroad and rolling stock 100,000

J. K. Brown, Commissioner of Immiassistance.

TEN BOLD ASSERTIONS

Regarding Chamberlain's Colic, Chol-

era and Diarrhoea Remedy. 1. It affords quick relief in cases of colic, cholera morbus and pains in the 2. It never fails to effect a cure in

the most severe cases of dysantery and diarrhoes. 3. It is a sure cure for chronic diar-

4. It can always be depended upon

cases of cholera infantum. It cures epidemical dysentery.

It prevents bilious colic. It is prompt and effective in curng all bowel complaints

people than any other medicine in the

It never produces bad results. It is pleasant and safe to take. 10. It has saved the lives of more

world. These are lold assertions to make regarding any medicine, but there is abundant proof of every above statements regarding this remedy. Every household should have a Get it today. It may save a life. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

(Continued from page 1.)

such as impanelment of the grand jury,

the opinion is in part as follows: The sixth amendment provides that "in all criminal prosecutions, the ac-cused shall enjoy the right * * to have the assistance of counsel for his defense." Assuming that this applies not only to the actual trial but as well to preliminary proceedings including the impaneling of the grand jury, still the defendant was not denied the right in question. The constitutional provision left him at liberty either to appear in person or to employ counsel, as he might see fit to do. Of itself it placed no obligation on the Territory to pro-vide him with counsel. He did not signify a desire to be represented by counand was not refused permission to

It is pointed out that as soon as the court was informed of the arraign-ment, an assignment of counsel was

ENDORSEMENT NOT MISLEADING. One exception refers to the following endorsement on the back of the indict-

"Plea: May 22. Plea of not guilty. Upon motion of C. F. Reynolds, Esq., it is ordered plea of guilty be withdrawn, and continued until Friday.
May 23, at 10 a. m." (Signed) M. T.
Simonton, Clerk. "May 27. Deft. pleads
not guilty. Case continued until Aug.
1902 Term to be set." (Signed) M. T. Simonton, Clerk,

The court comments: It is contended that this endorsement might have misled some juror into the beilef that the defendant had made a

formal admission of guilt. We do not regard this as possible. The note is a brief one, occupying but a very few lines in consecutive order. If any juror read the words, "it is ordered plea of guilty be withdrawn," he must have word not was a mere clerical error and that at no time was a plea of guilty en-Next the court settles that E. A.

Douthitt, as deputy of the Attorney-General, was fully authorized to pre-

sent the indictment in court.

The following extracts show other

findings of the Supreme Court: The objection with reference to the trial jury has been abandoned. We find in the record no cause for sustaining it.

RULINGS HOLD WATER.

Exceptions 2 to 27 inclusive and 29 that are to rulings made during the trial upon objections to testimony. We have carefully examined the record with reference to them all, including nine which have been expressly abandoned, but can find nothing to require or to justify a reversal of the verdict. In most of them the rulings were clearly correct. Perhaps in one or two instances a different ruling might properly have been made, but the error, if any, was not

SEEMS FRIVOLOUS. Exception 28. At the close of the case for the prosecution, the defendant moved to dismiss the indictment and for a directed verdict on the grounds named in exception 1, already disposed of, and on the further ground that there was no evidence to connect the defendant with the commission of crime or to show that the deceased was John Watson or that the deceased met his death from a wound inflicted by a knife or any other instrument in the hands of the defendant or from any other wound received at the hands of the defendant. Were this case of a less serious nature, we would be inclined to characterize this motion and exception. to the alleged lack of evidence, as frivolous; but mindful of the gravity of the charge and of the sentence we have carefully read the transcript of the evi-

STORY OF THE CRIME.

We have no hesitation in saying that a complete prima facie case tablished by the prosecution and that the motion was properly denied. The evidence adduced by the prosecution was such as, standing by itself, to have amply justified the jury in finding the following as facts: that at about eight o'clock on the evening of April 16, 1902, the defendant was standing on the front veranda of the lodging house of one Meyers situate on Queen street in this city, talking to Meyers and perhaps others about horses; that John Watson, the deceased, then approached from without and asked who was talking about horses or who it was that said he could ride horses or some similar question and that thereupon an argument ensued between him and the defendant on the subject, Watson standing at the head of the steps on the left side going up, leaning against the railing and with both hands behind his back, and Ferris standing one step lower on the opposite side of the steps and about four or five feet from Watson; that during the conversation, which lasted only a few minutes, Ferris said that Watson had called him a son some days before, that Watson denied this, that Ferris repeated his assertion and asked Watson, "Did you mean it?" That Watson at first remained silent but, Ferris insistently Watson, who was still standing in the position already described, a heavy blow on the left side in the region of the chest; that Watson staggered, walked back a few steps towards the body of the house and then forward again and fell, one Daniel Smith catching him as he fell, blood issuing from wound in Watson's left side and from his mouth; that a few moments later Watson was dead; that immediately after the assault Ferris left the spot and a few moments later the premises and ran away and was not found, although diligent search was made for him by the police, until the next day; that the wound was caused by a knife wielded by Ferris and that Watson's death was caused by the wound so inflicted and was not due to any other

PREVENTIVE

Capt. W. Larsen Has a New Idea.

reporter what seems to be a valuable contribution to the mosquito question. He said:

"I own a cottage down in Kewalo and the people living in it can sleep without any mosquito netting over their beds, with doors and windows closed or open. They can sit on the veranda and not be bothered a bit by the mosquitoes.

"The only reason I can give to account for there being no mosquitoes at that place is that there are three fish ponds right back of it which are teeming alive with very small fish. Probably these little fish eat up the larvae of the mosquitoes and prevent their breeding.

"Now, there's another thing in connection with these ponds which I think for the sake of the public should be stopped. Every morning a Chinaman goes to one or other of these fish ponds and drags it from end to end with a fine-meshed net. The meshes are so fine that even a tiny wriggler coudn't get through. The fish are fed to ducks.

"It's a shame to allow the Chinese to destroy small fish in this way, and if there is no law to stop it there should These little fish ought to be protected, especially if my theory is correct that they prevent the breeding of mosquitoes.'

In this matter it is recalled that read the whole note; and, so read, it is native members of the Legislature ef-entirely clear that the absence of the fectively blocked the passage of a Fishery Act, introduced by Senator Isenberg from a special committee. which provided against both drag nets and fine meshes.

> ******* cause; and that about eight days prior to the date of the assault Ferris. pointing to Watson who was some distance away, had said to one Blackwell, a witness for the prosecution, "See that son of a — I will fix him yet." Upon the evidence then before it the jury would have been justified in finding that the killing was committed not in the heat of passion but in cold blood and with premeditated malice afore-

> > SELF-DEFENSE.

Exception 30 is to the verdict on the ground that it is contrary to the law and the evidence and the weight of the evidence. This is sufficiently disposed of by what is said concerning exception 28. It may be added, however, that the defendant took the stand in his own behalf and admitted that, at the time and place already stated, he stabbed John Watson, the deceased, with a knife similar to that introduced in evidence by the prosecution. His claim was that he did so in self-defense, that during the conversation at the Mevers house Watson had suddenly come to-wards him and grabbed him by the shirt bosom with his left hand tearing the shirt, at the same time having his right hand in his hip pocket, and that as Watson took hold of him he, Ferris, thought his life was in danger, drew the knife and dealt Watson the blow. But the overwhelming weight of the evidence was against the defendant's version of the occurrence. The evidence was clearly sufficient to support the verdict.

LIQUOR IN JURY ROOM.

During the evening just mentioned [between Sept. 4 and 5, when the jury occupied as a bedroom what is now Judge De Bolt's courtroom, and two or three adjoining rooms, including Judge Gear's chambers, for lounging and other purposes] some of the members of the jury drank beer, not exceeding two glasses each, furnished by one of their number. No evidence was adduced tending to show that any of the jurors became intoxicated or was under the influence of the liquor so used and each of the jurors deposed on oath that none of them was thus affected. The trial judge in overruling the motion evidently found, and we think the finding was correct, that the use of the liquor did not affect the consideration of the case or influence the verdict. While the use of intoxicating liquor by a jury during the trial of a capital case, except in instances of absolute necessity, is deserving of severe censure and condemnation, such use is not of itself, where the liquor is not furnished by one of the parties to the cause, necessarily a ground for the granting of a new trial. The material inquiry in such cases is whether the defendant was prejudiced thereby, in other words, whether the use was such as to affect the mind of any of the jurors and thus deprive the defendant of the benefit of the condition of mind of each and all of the jurors to which he is entitled; and if it appears that the defendant was not prejudiced, the verdict can not be reversed. This is the modern view, shared in by the great majority of courts. [Decisions of many States are here quoted.]

AMENDMENTS PROPER.

The opinion finds no cause for attributing error to the trial court in its causing the clerk's minutes to be amended where they were defective. Not only was it competent for the trial court to make its record conform to the facts, but it was its duty to do so," the opinion quotes authorities for holding

CONCLUSION

The opinion concludes thus: Every one of the twenty-two instruc-tions requested by the defendant was given, with an amendment to one only, and that a correct amendment. No exception was noted to any part of the charge.

The exceptions are overruled. Attorney-General Andrews and W. Fleming for the prosecution; E. C. Captain William Larsen, manager for Peters and E. A. Douthitt for the de-E. Peck & Co., Ltd., gave an Advertiser fendant.

FERRIS IS IN SHADOW MOSQUITO SARTO IS UNANIMOUSLY ELECTED POPE AND WILL FOLLOW POLICY OF LEO



PIUS X, LATE CARDINAL SARTO, PATRIARCH OF VENICE.

POPE LEO'S CHARACTER IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

He never tolerated gossip. He countenanced labor unions.

He was an expert chess player. He called himself "the little old man."

He was a reverential admirer of nature. He was a diligent reader of news-

Dante and Virgil were his favorite

roets. His favorite relaxation was writing

He kept his private account with the Bank of England.

His brother, Cardinal Joseph, lived to the age of 84.

He was the owner and landlord of dwelling in Paris.

His table expenses did not exceed 20 cents a day. He wrote better Latin than any othr living writer in the church of Rome.

as anything more than the King of Sardinia self.

He never recognized the Italian King

So regular were his habits that his clock what he was doing at that moment.

He never forgot a face and remembered every Catholic who ever did the

especially or him.

to pick him up and carry him about the Vatican as if he were a child. In the Vatican he had a fixed rule for the dress of all inmates to be worn at every hour of the day.

He required park laborers and gardeners to be at their post as early as 4:30 in the morning. full, was clear and ringing, with a won-

derful carrying power. It is estimated that during his pontisilver and precious stones

the Socialists.

His handwriting was as beautiful and as legible as print, which it resembled more nearly than script. He was economical, almost parsimo-nious, in his personal expenditures,

Paul Kruger is said to have presented the Pope with the largest diamond

welcomed every improvement and invention, from the railroad to the au-

In his youth he acquired a practical transacting business and granting tican. audiences in the pavilion.

FACTS CONCERNING THE NEW POPE.

Lorn in northern Italy in 1835.

Created Patriarch of Venice and a Cardinal in 1893. Has always kept aloof from the quarrels of the Vatican. Is on friendly terms with the ruling family in Italy,

Won his promotion through priesthood and not through diplomatic channels.

Has been revered for his piety and learning.

May heal the breach between Vatican and Quirinal and will likely pay more attention to administrative and doctrinal affairs if the church than to the relations of the church with foreign governments.

Pope Leo expected Sarto to succeed him.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

ROME, August 4.—The election of Cardinal Sarto, who has taken the title of Pius X, was announced from St. Peter's this morning.

Bells of all the Catholic churches in the city immediately began to His private sale was in his own a-partment. He carried the key him-

Throughout the day telegrams have arrived from foreign countries servants could tell by glancing at the and governments congratulating Pius X on his accession to the Papal

ROME, August 5.—The conclave has been dissolved. Rome was He was a habitual snuff user, the illuminated during the evening. Cardinal Sarto's election was unanitobacco being prepared in Baltimore mous. He had four votes on the first ballot. The new Pope will prob-It is said that his attendant used ably be crowned on Sunday. It is believed that he will follow the policy

The final ceremonies in the election of Pope Pius X were very im-

When it was learned that Sarto had been selected the prefect of His voice, while neither deep nor ceremonies was sent for and speedily entered the chapel bearing the fisherman's ring. The canopies were then removed from the cells of all the cardinals except that of Sarto, the newly elected Pope, and His ficate he amassed a fortune of \$30,000,- all the cardinals except that of Sano, the newly elected rope, and room, half of which was in gifts of gold. Holiness retired to robe himself in the pontifical vestments. On his re-Patiently and without apparent pre- turn the ring was placed on his finger by the Cardinal Camerlingo, and judice, he examined the doctrines of the new vicar of Christ gave his first solemn benediction to the members of the Sacred College from the steps of the altar. Then taking his seat the Pope received the homage of their eminences and communicated to them the name which it was his pleasure to assume as Pontiff. Next the Cardinal deacon took the oath of obedience and hastening to the but prodigal in founding schools and grand balcony of St. Peter's looking over the great plaza, he announced to the thousands gathered there the name of the new Pope, using the words consecrated by immemorial usage: "I bring you tidings of great in the world, valued at \$4,000,000. joy. We have a Pope, the Most High and Reverend Lor Throughout his career he cordially Sarto, who has taken upon Himself the name of Pius X." iov. We have a Pope, the Most High and Reverend Lord Guiseppe

The people then flocked into the great cathedral to see the new Pope and to receive his blessing.

Later the ceremony of the adoration by the Cardinals took place. knowledge of vine culture and put it to good use in the Vatican vineyard, and the Pope, having taken off his pontifical robes and having assumed On fine summer days he spent near- his ordinary white vestments, with the broad cardinal's hat and scarlet ly all his time in the Vatican garden. hood, was escorted by the noble guard to his new apartments in the Va-

THE BAR BIDS CORDIAL GOODBYE TO JUDGE ESTEE

The Advertiser was asked on Monday evening to give no hint of what was going on. It was a surprise for Judge Estee when he came to hold his last session of the Federal court prior to leaving on his California vacation trip. Everything came off as planned.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning there was a large assembly of members of the bar in the United States District Court room. Just before Judge Estee came in, Marshal Hendry placed upon the bench desk a splendid flower basket. On one side it bore the inscription
"Aloha," on the other, "Bon Voyage."

Judge Whiting, immediately the
bailift performed the opening ceremony arose and said:

Your Honor, we know that business should come before pleasure, but in this instance we ask that you allow us to bring our pleasure before the business of this Court.

We are gathered to wish you Godspeed on your journey, you and yours from the Paradise of the Pacific to what we are so often pleased to term "God's country," whither you go to greet those you love and who love you. We hope that you will soon return in health, to be welcomed by us all, to proceed with the business of this Court.

We are not here to send you away but to let you go with our greeting and our friendship.

Judge Hartwell followed in this wise: All present will second the remarks

of Judge Whiting. You will enjoy old friends in Call-fornia, the California air, fog. flowers and fruits, but sometimes while you are away you must think of Hawali, as I believe you will, and say good things about us, telling your friends that we have something here besides climate, that there are some folks here after all; that it is in Hawaii like the promised land that, Sweet fields beyond the swelling flood,

Stand dressed in living green. I hope you will come back refreshed in health and that when you round Diamond Head on your return you will be glad to look upon Honolulu again.

Messrs. Davis and Dole also made remarks. Judge Estee was visibly moved at the

manifestation of cordial friendship by the gentlemen of the bar and spoke to the following effect: The court can't administer justice without the support of the bar. If you want good courts you must have

a good bar. If you want wise courts you must have a wise bar. Everybody knows of course that a judge must de-cide every case one way or another and a judge necessarily makes some ene-mies. I want to say that I have been treated by the Hawaiian bar with unlform courtesy and with a friendship which I believe has few parallels. I came here three years ago a stranger in a strange land, knowing I think only one member of the bar and he was Mr. Neumann, now dead. Ever since I have been given uniform kindness and friendship by the people and bar of the Territory, and I thank them for

This floral piece I shall take to my wife, if you will permit it gentlemen, and we will put it in our stateroom and when we look at it we will know that it was a gift prompted by a friendship not measured by anything but good will toward men. I thank you.

Before the business of the session was taken up a short recess was taken, during which the assembled lawyers took occasion to shake hands Judge Estee and bid him godspeed.

CHANGES IN THE WILDER STAFF

On account of the illness of Tom Burningham, freight clerk of the Kinau, there has been considerable change among the officials of the Wilder line, Freight Clerk Phillips took Burmingham's place on the Kinau, and Purser O'Brien of the Maui takes Phillips's place on the Claudine.

William Jarrett has taken the place of Mr. Littlejohn in the Wilder Co.'s head office during the absence of that official in Hilo. Mr. Littlejohn takes the place of Mr. McKay who at present is in this city filling the position of Superintending Engineer, as the regular engineer, Mr. Johnson, has gone to the Coast to superintend the building of the new Wilder steamer Likelike. Purser Lewis of the Helene has taken Mr. Jarrett's place at the wharf office temporarily, and as the steamer Hawaii is laid up at present. Purser Doyle of that steamer is taking Lewist place.

SNATCHED FOR HIS WATCH CHAIN

J. W. Brewster reported at the police station late last evening than an attempt to rob him had been made on Piikoi street a little after eleven o'clock last night. Brewster was com-ing down Pikoi street and was about. to turn into King street when a man whom he thinks was a Porto Rican jumped from behind a telephone pole and grabbed at his watch chain which was hanging from the outside of his coat. Brewster struck at the man, who soon took to his heels and disappeared down a side street leading to the waterfront. The man had on a straw hat and was barefooted. police were out on the case last night, but had found no clue,

And so the Home Rulers captured the Republican Central Committee 11st Saturday night, so says the Advertiser. If that is surely the case, then all that e can exclaim is-Hip, hip, hooray!-Independent.

waiian Gazette.

n at the Postoffice of Honolulu, H. T., Second-class Matter. SEMI - WEEKLY ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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FRIDAY : : : : AUGUST 7

PIUS X.

The new Pope is a priest and not a politician. His work will be to increase the numbers and piety of the faithful rather than to gain prestige for the Vatican in the chancellories of the world. He regards his mission as purely spiritual, the cure of souls; and because of that he more nearly realizes the idea of a spiritual sovereign than did his predecessor, the great Papal

It will be instructive to watch his course toward the government of Italy, with which, it appears, he has long been on friendly terms. To a Protestant, viewing the matter without prej-udice, it seems as if the Church would gain more by a friendly relation with Italy than it could by warring on that Catholic power for the return of a temporal authority which will never be voluntarily restored and which is not needed by a ruler who calls himself the Vicegerent of a Kingdom not of this world. The help of the government would be valuable to the Church; far more valuable than the right to administer a little state of its own which it could not hope to defend against revolutionary uprisings within or without.

OUR FOREIGN COMMERCE.

The foreign commerce of the United larger than in any preceding year in its history. The total of imports and exports as shown by the Department ly, Statistics is, for the year 1903, \$2,445,-610,417 against \$2,310,937,156 in the year 1900, which was considered the banner year prior to 1963. Imports are larger than in any preceding year and exports are larger than in any preceding year save in the exceptional year 1901. The imports for the first time crossed the billion dollar line, the total being \$1,025,619,127 and the exports for the second time crossed the \$1,400,000,000 line, being \$1,419,991,290 or practically fourteen hundred and twenty millions. The single year in which the value of exports exceeded those of 1903 is the fiscal year 1901 when the total was \$1,487,764,991. The imports exceeded those of 1893 by about \$159,000,000 and the exports exceeded those of 1893 by about \$572,000,000. The imports, therefore, have increased 18.4 per cent during the decade and exports have increased 67.5 per cent during the same period.

Comparing the figures of 1903 with those at decennial periods at earlier dates, it may be said that the imports of 1853 were \$263,000,000, those for 1863, \$243,000,000 for 1873, \$642,000,000; for 1883, right to use the rivers, waterfalls, \$722,000,000; for 1893, \$866,000,000, and for mines, and the right to unrestricted \$723,000,000; for 1893, \$866,000,000, and for 1903, \$1,025,000,000. The exports of 1853 were \$203,000,000, those for 1863, \$204,000,-000; for 1873, \$522,000,000; for 1883, \$823,-000,000; for 1893, \$847,000,000, and those for 1903, were within a fraction of \$1.-420,000,000.

the exports for 1903 are practically seven times those of 1853. The table Thus periods from 1853 to 1903, viz.:

1863.	7			11				٠.		4	4			24	3,3	31	,81	5
1873.	4			14		1		v.						64	2.1	36	6,21	0
1883.					 21					٠.				.72	3,1	80	0.91	4
1893.	ile.	٠,			 			1		v			١.	.86	6.4	00	0.92	2
1903.		÷	, I		 		٠.			ď.	4		4	.02	5,6	15	.12	7
													Ū	To	tal		im	
													1	or	ts	a	nd	
Year.							E	x	pe	r	Ė		ľ	ex	po	rt	B.	
1853.		Ļ	. ,			. :	20:	3,4	S	1,2	18:	2		46	7.2	66	5.54	7
1863.														44	7.3	00	.26	2
1873.					77150		10						B	16	4 6	16	112	ä

1893.

cent.

1903.1.419.991,290 2,445,610,417 the most striking characteristic of the year's commerce, is very largely in maeleven months' figures are yet available in such detailed form as to show the increase by great groups, but the figures of the eleven months ending with May lumbia. show that articles in a crude condition for use in manufacturing, increased \$62,000,000 or about twenty per cent as last campaign.—Chairman Crabbe. compared with the corresponding manufactured for use in manufacturing increased \$4,000,000 or about five per cent; articles manufactured and ready for consumption increased \$18,000,000 or about thirteen per cent and articles of voluntary use, luxuries, etc., increased \$14,000,000 or about ten per cent, while \$14,000,000 or about ten per cent, while as aspiring to county office with their articles of food and live animals in- aid, are off the same cut as their legiscreased \$15,000,000 or about eight per

There was little likelihood that the young Duke of Marlborough would be made Viceroy of India. The man for that post must be a wise administrator, one fit to govern a nation. Young Marlborough is not in that class.

THE WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.

The white man's burden, collectively, s to be his brother's keeper throughout the world. He has assumed it as a stool; that the enslavement of man shall cease throughout the globe; that es of the inhabitants of any other

It is prognosticated that the Teutonic ace will dominate the globe, not perhaps to rule every section, but that the influence of the Teutonic or Anglo-Saxon race shall be so powerfully felt in every section that its mandates will obeyed. The prime reason for such prognostication is the love of home peregrinations. The maintaining of the purity of the home is unquestiontimes the women of Germany fought side by side with the men in defense of their homes, and the continual incite-ment they exercised over their sons and towards that end has been repeated by following generations in both England and America.

In looking back over the history of Babylon, Egypt, Greece and Rome we note that those nations, and probably as great nations who preceded them, have utterly perished off the face of the globe. In searching for the causes of decline we arrive at but one conlusion and that is their lack of having any burden like "the white man's bur-The manner in which they treated their neighbors; the waging of unnecessary war upon them for the avowed purpose of enslaving them and carrying off the accumulations of those peoples, that the conqueror might enthe fruit of the labors of others. without the care of tilling the soil or manufacturing the products of the forsts and mines.

Without attributing this decline and fall to the Creator as a punishment meted out as avenging the oppressed we know that the enslaving of man and the forceful taking of his earnings and products tended to enervate and emasculate the conqueror and unfitted States in the fiscal year just ended is him for the defense of his citadel when in course of time he was in turn at-

tacked. The white man's burden, individualis to conduct himself, amidst of Commerce through its Bureau of temptations, in such a manner as to obtain the respect of his fellows without respect to color or previous conditions of servitude. In all parts of the world we find the white man, with his superior cunning and power, individtaking advantage of the aborigines of those countries. We find him cheating the native of his birthright; wheedling him out of his land for a few baubles; taking his services for a mere littance of their value; and in a thousand pseudo-legal ways imposing

upon him. Probably the result will be the same is we have seen in regard to nations; the individual cheaters and imposers on their fellow men will slowly establish reputations which will ultimately cause their social downfall. All the struggles they may eventually make to retain their ill-gotten gains will be futile and they and their children, will assuredly inherit the traits of their fathers, will be as certainly lost as the site of Babylon. It behooves, therefore, individual in his dealings with aborigines in new lands to be fair and honest in all his transactions.

The white man demands the right to and exploit foreign Should he deny a similar privilege in his own land to the inhabitant of other lands he assumes a burden which may crush him eventually. He claims the trade and travel in alien lands; let him careful how far he denies similar privileges to the inhabitants of those lands in his own land. There is no reasonable objection to these natural of the San Francisco fog will do the aspirations, for the world was made for seasoned old Argonaut of '49 a world of the inhabitants generally, but we should beware lest in denying similar has had confinement at hard labor or The imports of 1903, therefore, are privileges to others that we are not less than four times those of 1853 while unwittingly superinducing a burden which will assuredly react to our great

Thus "the white man's burden" has which follows shows the total imports two characters, national and individual. and total exports and the grand total In the one, nations must be reciprocal in their dealings with each other, and while insisting on good government and all that implies, in its neighbor's territory, it must protect the weak against the aggressor. In the other, individuals must be fair and honest in their dealings with their fellow men in alien lands.

Rumors of another Philippine uprising via Victoria need disturb no one. There are some eager press correspondents at Vancouver and Victoria who take Oriental mail off the Empress steamers and telegraph its readable contents to the Associated Press. Much of this matter, if true, has al-823,839,402, 1,547,020,316 ready been received by cable and for-847,665,194 1,714,066,116 gotten. Probably some remote speculation about a war in the Philippines. The growth in importation, which is appearing in a Japanese paper and since denied, was caught by the Victoria man who forthwith worked it off terials for use in manufacturing. Only truth in the story as it stands, the American public would not have had for it to make its way by mall from Manila to Hongkong, thence to Yokohama and finally to British Co-

Ours was a sweeping victory in the

Sure enough! That campaign gave months of last year; articles partially us the Solid Thirteen which took their orders from Home Rule headquarters and disgraced Republicanism by almost every vote. It gave us men who burnt those vouchers. But it wouldn't have burdened the Territory with such a legislative ticket if the primary rules had been Republican. These rules are still in force and the first men named lative predecessors. It's a fine outlook for the taxpayers.

> Mr. Schwab is out of the million dolfar steel trust presidency and look as far as he may he will never get another job like it.

So far as Republican votes are concerned no grafter need apply.

TO FIGHT THE INSECT PEST.

The public will be gratified to learn that the Board of Health has made up its mind to fight the mosquito. duty to see that good government shall Board will have its inspectors look obtain in every section of God's foot-after breeding places of the insect and will make free use of petroleum. In this way it is certain, that the spread without respect to color all parts of the of the dengue may be checked and the earth shall be free and open to the ac- ground cleared for a successful tourist campaign.

We may as well all understand that little can be done by the Tourist Com-mittee until dengue is driven out. Al sorts of exaggerated rumors about the disease prevail on the coast and they lose nothing at the hands of California hotel keepers. One returning kamaaina heard in San Francisco that there had been 1500 cases of dengue here, 300 which is inherent in the Teutons and of them fatal. A fortnight or so ago which they carry with them in their Congressman McCleary and a party of The maintaining of seven came here to stay a month; but home is unquestion- hearing so much of the dengue they but ably the strongest trait of character got out in forty-eight hours. It is ob-amongst those peoples. In ancient vious that, while dengue is here, the Tourist Committee will be "up against

> No more mosquitoes, no more dengue -that is the proposition in brief. As Dr. Mays lately pointed out, if the city stops the breeding of mosquitoes in its own door-yards, it need not fear a visitation of them from the outlying rice and taro swamps. The mosquito, mail, unless driven away by the high winds which carry such swarms of insects out to sea, is born, lives and dies in one small area, like a door-yard or bit of pasture land, where there is standing water. He does not travel the length of a block. Hence if every householder would see to his own premises and destroy or cover up every breeding place, the city would be comparatively free from mosquitoes no matter how might be found in the rice and taro

As to the treatment of the latter petroleum might be turned into the streams that feed them, with good results; also into duck ponds and pools In the latter as Captain Larsen pointed out the other day fish serve a useful purpose by eating the mosquito larvae. Something else of value might be done by importing nighthawks and mosquito-killing plants, such as grow in

the swamps of Florida.

Now that the fight is begun it should be thorough. Everything of proved efficacy in the war against mosquitoes should be used. Judging from the suc-cess met with in New Jersey where the pest is infinitely worse than here, it ought not to take more than three or four months to make the Honolulu mosquito as rare as the Kalakaua ten

Tappan Tannatt, in grafting the Bulletin for a column of free advertising, complains that his remarks at the Builders and Traders' Exchange were inaccurately reported by the Advertiser. As a matter of fact the report was faithful as far as it went but it did not go far enough to suit Mr. Tannatt. The only complaint we have heard of it from others who were present at the meeting is that any mention was made of Mr. Tannatt's "views" at all. But the mistake will not occur again.

As an evidence that the County campaign means good government and laurels for the Republican party, the Bulletin announces among the opening speakers at the Kalihi Detention camp. Representative Vida, J. C. Lane. McCants Stewart, Ex-Senator Kanuha, Wm. Olepau and C. H. Clark, par obile fratrum. Republicans who can cherish any doubt after this of the great advantage the present party management is to the Territory must e dull indeed. Let's all hurrah, so a to bring Birbe, Boyd, Kumalae and the est of the patriots into the open.

Judge Estee, who has the good will of all who know him, will take a res in California. No doubt the cool breath has had confinement at hard labor on the bench and has earned his outing many times over.

The suspension of the baggage order is a good thing for Honolulu. Ocean passengers will be saved annoyance and given a chance to come ashore. There never seems to have been any good reason for the new rule

While Mr. Clark, of the Public Works Department, is addressing the taxpayers at the Kalihi Detention camp Friday night he might as well tell them what became of the money.

By the way: Has Mr. Humphreys yet made that refund of \$3500 to the Ellis heirs?

JUDGMENT IN THE HONOLULU SUIT

District Attorney Breckons received instructions in the mail yesterday from Acting Attorney General W. A. Day requesting him to have judgment entered in the case of the United States vs. Honolulu Plantation Co. A copy of the agreement entered into by the Navy Department and the plantation is forwarded and a request is made that a stipulation for judgment be entered into in accordance with the agreement. The judgment can be entered only in term time, but the stipulation takes away the last obstacle to an appropriation by Congress for Pearl Harbor improvements.

The Honolulu Plantation Co. is to be paid \$75,000 before the stipulation can be filed. The payment will probably be made very soon by Paymaster Rhodes.

A SOLILOQUY.

A married editor sollloquizes thus of he gentler sex: mad."-The London Tit-Bits.

LOCAL BREVITIES

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

D. P. R. Isenberg has gone to Kaual for several weeks

Mr. Laurence Thompson, the government engineer who has been superin-tending the operation of cutting the Pearl Harbor bar during the past few months, leaves for San Francisco on the Alameda today.

necessary business but will come back on Saturday in connection with the Kohala-Hilo railway project. Smith & Lewis are drawing up the papers connected with the starting of construc-

Rev. Albert Hall and Rev. W. A. Henderson are coming from the mainland to join the clerical staff of Bishop Restarick. Mr. Hall will look after the makua and Honokaa.

Treasurer Kepolkal yesterday morning received answers by cable to his cablegrams mentioned in that day's Advertiser, about the printing of the bonds. One of the concerns replies that selves and all other stockholders in the it will print the bonds for \$5520, the other that full information is in the

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Renewals were issued yesterday of liquor dealer's licenses to W. C. Peaock & Co. and Macfarlane & Co.

The Court of Tax Appeals will begin its sessions in the Tax office, Judiclary building, next Monday, at 1:30 p. m.

an opinion as to the legality of acts of public officers who have not taken the official oath.

At the instance of Secretary Carter,

A cablegram to W. W. Dimond & Co. yesterday announced the arrival at Lima, Peru, of Thomas F. Sedgwick, lately of the Federal agricultural experiment station here.

A Maul man said the other day that the people of his district were cleaning out mosquitoes by putting a small lump of coal in cisterns and waterbutts and the like. A lump as large as one's head would answer for a cistern of average size and while it would law down as follows in its syllabus not discolor the water it-would make it opinion; bad for mosquito larvae.

Treasurer Kepolkai yesterday received a cable tender for printing the Territorial bonds from "Trustgage," New York, at a price about one-half that of the bld from another concern the previous day. The offer is to print three denominations of bonds, 3000 in all, for \$2800. Its cable address amplified, the bidder is the Trust and Morta gage Co.

Mrs. Sackett, the mother of Miss Stekett, secretary to United States Attorney Breckons, is seriously ill aid not expected to live through the day.

Attorney General Andrews has asked Governor Dole for a hearing of impeachment brought against him, the Attorney General, by Geo. A. Davis. Secretary Carter is examining Cali- H. H. Perry as foremen or assistant

fornia election forms and methods with managers at \$200 each a month. Be a view to applying useful features to sides these salaries the foremen ha the coming county elections in this Territory. Capt. E. K. Lilikalani, who was a

legislator and a royal aide-de-camp to Kalakaua's time and a Democrat since of directors on November 14, 1901annexation, has joined the Republican Bolte, Perry and the two Bellinas pres

John K. Sumner's power of attorney to A. N. Kepelkal, Treasurer of the 1901, Bolte voting against the motion Territory, in his private capacity stops on the ground that such salary would short of authority to sell property. The attorney is to collect rents and other be excessive. incomes, execute leases, etc. He thinks it possible he may have something to collect from some of the attorneys who appeared for Sumner in the courts.

to territories, which makes it a misde- voting against it the motion was lost meanor for clergymen to neglect to register marriages they solemnize, ap- addressed a letter to the board of diplies to this Territory. The maximum rectors, protesting against the salaries, years' imprisonment Breckens does not intend to look back overpaid \$100 a month, asking the for cases to prosecute.

Judge Mahaulu of Walalua was eyewitness yesterday to the reckless leap of a Chinese criminal from a moving The man has been wanted by the Waialua police for an attempt to burn a child alive. When he saw Mahaulu on the train he ran to the door of the car and jumped off. As he got mixed up with a wire fence after landing, the Judge had the train stopped before the Chinaman could reached he had extricated himself and disappeared in a thorny jungle.

STATE OF POLITICS IN THE TERRITORY

Political conditions in Hawaii are in a state of confusion which may result in serious injury to the material welfare of the territory. The extremely liberal suffrage system which the United States Congress devised for Hawaii Bellina is the brother of C. H. Bellina placed the ballot in the hands of a The present suit was begun December large number of densely ignorant na- 27, 1902. The opinion at this stage tives who are utterly unfit for politi- says: cal control, and they are now in the majority in the popular branch of the white Americans in to the islands, those surrounding the Club Stables, These reactionaries, taking for their Limited, we find, upon all the evidence watch word "Hawaii for Hawaiians," contend that the Americans are seeking absolute control of the politics of the islands and that consequently they should be kept out altogether. A mere tion which they represent and act for There is gladness in enactment of the insular legislature ex- in the relation of trustees to a cestui her gladness when she's glad, and there is sadness in her sadness when she's glad, and of course be of no effect whatever, but to the extent of holding that they may she's sad; but the gladness of her gladness and the sadness of her sadness it shows that the franchise has been pensation for services and that any are nothing to her madness when she's recklessly bestowed. The anti-Amer- such attempted vote would be illegal. ican agitation is evidently encouraged

BOLTE VS. BELLINAS

Banker P. Peck returned to Hilo for Perry Reverses the Decree of De Bolt.

By a unanimous opinion written by scattered church people of the islands Justice Perry the Supreme Court re-and Mr. Henderson will serve at Ha-verses the decree of Judge De Bolt and verses the decree of Judge De Bolt and remands to him for such further proceedings as may be proper the case of C. Bolte, E. K. Bull, J. J. Sullivan and Club Stables, Limited, a corporation, against C. H. Bellina, W. E. Bellina, H. H. Perry and Club Stables, Limited. THE CASE STATED.

It was a bill in equity to restrain C. H. Bellina, as manager of the corporation, from paying to himself and to W. E. Bellina and H. H. Perry, as assistant managers, certain salaries alleged to be exorbitant and excessive, and for an order requiring these three respondents to repay to the corporathe Attorney-General will be asked for tion all moneys received by them as salary from September 1, 1901, over and above the amount of a reasonable compensation for the services ren dered by them.

The court below, on motion of respondents, dismissed the bill at the close of the complainants case "fe insufficiency of proof and lack of equ ty." An appeal was taken from th ruling by plaintiffs, but Isenberg at Sullivan afterward withdrew their a peals. The Supreme Court lays t

LAW SUMMARIZED.

Directors stand toward the corpo ation in the relation of trustees to cestul que trust, and when they vo to themselves salaries or other con pensation or services such salaries other compensation cannot be allowed to stand unless shown to be fair as reasonable.

FACT AND LAW.

From the undisputed evidence th court, in the body of its opinion, giv findings of fact and law. C. H. Bell na was appointed manager by the d rectors at a meeting on September 1901. In the end of that month he fix ed the salaries of W. E. Belling an the free use of a cottage belonging t the corporation theretofore rented the rate of \$20 a month. At a meetin ent-the salary of the manager was fix ed at \$300 a month from September 10

PROTEST VOTED DOWN.

No formal complaint was made against the salaries until August a, 1902, when, at a meeting of directors Bolte Assistant Attorney General Fleming moved, seconded by Isenberg, that the has rendered an opinion to the effect three salaries be reduced \$100 a month that the United States statute relating each, but Perry and the two Beilings On December 1, 1902, Bolte and Bull as being unreasonably high, claiming and a fine of \$1000. District Attorney that each of the three men had been board to demand repayment of the excess amounting to \$3933.30 and, case of non-compliance, to institute proceedings in the name of the corporation to compel such repayment, the writers giving notice that if the board did not do so they would bring suit themselves. At a meeting of directors on December 11, 1902—only the two Bellinas and J. J. Carreiro being present the board refused to comply with the requests made or to reduce any of the salaries and passed tion declaring the compensation to be reasonable and ratifying its own action and that of the manager.

MAJORITY OF STOCK.

Perry left the employ of the corporation in August, 1902. During all of the time mentioned C. H. Bellina held 181 shares of the stock, W. E. Bellina 15 shares and Perry, until the transfer of a portion of his interest in August, 105 shares, the total capital stock of the corporation being 500 shares. W. E.

SALARIES FOUND EXCESSIVE.

While the experts who testified on insular legislature, where they have the subject are not all agreed as to what would be reasonable compensation for a manager and assistant manventing the admission of any more agers under circumstances such as thus far adduced, that the salaries allowed to the three respondents are exorbitant and excessive.

FAIRNESS MUST BE SHOWN.

(Continued on Page 5.)

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, toroid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

"I had pains in my back, could not sleep and when I got up in the morning felt worse than the night before. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and now I can sleep and get up feeling rested and able to do my work. I attribute my cure entirely to Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mas. J. N. PERRY, care H. S. Copeland, Pike Road, Ala.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Cure kidney and liver troubles, relieve the back, and build up the whole system.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Hono-lulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honolu-lu, Hawailan Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Import-ers and dealers in lumber and build-ing materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.-Ma-chinery of every descrition made to order.

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, August 6, 1903.

NAME OF STOCK	Capital	Val	Bid	Ask.
MERCANTILE			-	
7 Preyer & Co.	1,000,000	100		390
G. B. Kett Co., Lig	200,000	60		•••••
	121222120	1964	1000	
Haw Agricultural Co.	1,000,000	100	2154	2134
Haw. Com. & Sug. Co. Haw. Sugar Co		100	25	*****
Honomu	750,000	100		1021
Honoksa	2,000,000	100	12	
Kahuro	500,000	20		
Kahuru Kiho: Plan, Co., L'd Kipahulu	2,500,000 180,000	100		12 60
Kolos McBryde Sug. Co. L'd.	SOO DOG	100		
Oahu Sugar Co.	3,500,000 8,600,000	100	95	100
"Homes aemon.	1,000,000	20	28	
Dokala Disa Bugar Co. Ltd.	5,000,000	20	9	934
Pasuhau Sugar Plan-	150,000	100		
thill Co	6,000,000	50		
Pacide	500,000 750,000	100	:::::	
Popeekeo Pioneer	750,000	100	80000	100
Valaius Agt. Co.	4,500,000	100	48	100
Walluku Walmanalo	700,000	100		900
STRANSEIP CO'S	2/2,000	100		160
DATE OF THE PARTY	20.0	200		1/-3
Wilder S. S. Co. Inter-Island S. S. Go.	800,000	100		115
MISCELLANBOUS	90-10-00	***		
law'n Electric Co	500,000	100		100
H. R. T. & L. Co. Pid Hon, R. T. &L. Cc. C. Mutual Tel. Co	1,000,000	100	77	101
Mutual Tel. Co	150,000	100	6	
Hilo R. R. Co	50,000	100	17	921
BONDS	00,000	-		
iaw. Goet. 5 p. c			9734	
1110 K. R. CO. 6 D. C			100	104
8 p. c			105	
R A L CO				
ahu Pl'n 6 p. c		:	100	*****
Vaislus Ag. Co. 6 p. c.	******			tion:
ahnku 8 p. c				
ion. R. T. & L. Co. 8 p. c		=:		100%

SALES BETWEEN BOARDS. Fifty Olna, \$9.

Day		IIA1	юж.	TRI	TRI BK.		BER	Clon	#in	
	uly	9 a. m.	1 p.m.	Min	Haz	mail to	nidity	d.	nd	force.
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Barometer corrected to 32 F. and sea This correction is-05 for Hopolulu.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

McH. 3 1.11 1.8 6 67 5 87 8 26 5 84 6 37 1.53 They 4 1 5t 1 9 1 06 6 22 9 14 5 84 6 36 2 40

Full moon on the 7th at 10:23 p. m. Times or the tide are taken from United States Coast and Geodetic Survey tables.

The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur

about one hour earlier than at Honolulu. Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees 30 minutes. The time whistle blows at 1:30 o. m., which is the same as Greenwic hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for tocal time for the whole group.

A Honolulu Stowaway.

When the steamer Ventura arrived at San Francisco four stowaways were put ashore, one of whom was Johnny McCauley, the son of Pilot McCauley of this port. The lad hid aboard the Ventura when she passed through here and started out to see the world. He will be sent back to Honolulu in charge of Captain McPhail on the bark R. P. Rithet.

(Continued from page 5.)

is unnecessary to go to that extent in the case at bar. We will assume for the purposes of this appeal that if directors do vote to themselves salaries or other compensation, such salaries may be allowed to stand if their entire reasonableness and fairness is shown by the parties benefited thereby but not otherwise, and a rule more favorable than this the respondents cannot expect. Directors can no more use the property of their principal for their own private gain than any other agent or trustee. They must act in good faith and for the interests of the stockholders whom they represent. (Many authorities are here quoted.) Not only have the respond-ents failed to show the entire fairness and reasonableness of the salaries, but the showing thus far is that the salaries are unfair to the corporation.

LACHES NOT PROVED.

On the plea of laches, or sleeping on their rights, raised against the complainants the court remarks on a lack of evidence, saying that if more will yet be adduced the court will then be in a better position to pass upon the whole subject. In reversing the decree the court says the motion to dismiss the suit should have been denied and the respondents should have been required to present their defense.

Robertson & Wilder conducted the case and successful appeal for the

THE MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION BUSY

The directors of the Merchants' Assoclation held a meting yesterday aftermatters of interest. The committee on public affairs was directed to take up the preparation of the memorial asked for by Delegate Kuhlo. The memorial will be reported back to the Association before any final action is taken.

There was also a discussion of the transports in connection with the coming of the Sheridan tomorrow. The Association is endeavoring to arrange with the coal dealers so that the transport will be given coal at the price which was offered Major Devol and Seccretary Root. Though the agreement has not been ratified the Association is desirous of having a uniform price established which will be effective at

There was some discussion also of the mosquito question with a view to assisting in the campaign started by the Board of Health, but no definite action was taken. In this connection the question of "publicity" was considered and a meeting has been called for this afternoon at which members of the ress and correspondents are to be inwited to discuss the matter.

STUDYING PLAGUE AND CHOLERA

Dr H. Salomon, a prominent German Dr. H. Salomon, a prominent German that the plumbers were not to blame, physician, is a through passenger on the Nippon Maru. He is on a tour the Nippon Maru. He is on a tour that on the first week of the strike they had proposed a compromise and been the Nippon Maru. He is on a tour that the plumbers were not to blame, ceived nearly all of the freight he suggested that a memorial to the ship was very short after plucking—for inspective localities. After being here two stance, mango seeds would only retain months. Mr. Hall would be in a position

evening. "I have simply been home not to buy from Asiatics. studying sewerage in Massachusetts and San Francisco. I am not on a should be no ill-feeling—that it was a ter. government mission but am pursuing my studies privately. A BAD JAP CROOK

'Only in Lawrence near Boston, Mass., has the bacteria system been put in connection with sewer systems. n Germany it is the common thing The bacteria beds were first tried Lawrence and then improved upon in England. Germany got her system from England, but the first was started in Massachusetts.

'I intend from now on to stop the study of sewers and take up an investigation of contagious diseases, their causes and the best preventive and precautionary methods. I intend to visit the Quarantine station here this morning, before the steamer goes, if I have time. My principal studies though will be in India where there are ample opportunities for the investigation of plague and cholera."

Some weeks ago it was announced in one of the local papers that Dr. Salomon was coming here to study the drinking water of the islands. report, the doctor says is not true and it came to be circulated through a misunderstanding.

WANTS TO BURY TANBARA IN CHURCH

The Rev. M. Motokawa, the minister who has been attending the spiritual wants of Tanbara Gisaburo, has applied for permission to take the body after the execution. He desires to remove the body to his church and provide a Christian burial service. There probably be no objection to the plan from the United States author-

A COLD AT THIS SEASON is most annoying, and should not be neglected. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will relieve the lungs, make expectoration next yard. Schoelkopf hurried around a stilling vestel Saturday afternoon. As easy, effect a quick cure and leave the on Punchbowl street as he thought the far as could be learned he hadn't taken system in a healthy condition. It almen were making for a hole in the ways cures and cures quickly. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

men were making for a hole in the fence there. No one was in sight, however so he returned to the house that he leaves some very anxious creditation. Mr. Cooper suggested a license of the could not unlock tors behind. system in a healthy condition. It al-

BOLTE VS. BRECKONS. SOME PLAIN TALK FROM EMMELUTH TO LABOR MEN Governor Dole on

A Spirited and Interesting Meeting of the Builders and Traders' Exchange.

The Builders and Traders' Exchange | slow work at best and much had alworking jointly with the Federated ready been accomplished. He said there Trades decided last night to eliminate the Asiatic from the local labor prob-The employers agreed to employ citizen labor, which they have only doing right along, and the unions through their representatives agreed to try to secure the adoption of a rule Bowler disputed the statement, say-providing a fine for patronizing Chinese ing he had been out that way on the or Japanese stores. The trades council will meet tomorrow night to try to

make their promises effective. Ro meeting over the labor question and it was not at all times amiable. There from a member of the House and that was quite a divergence of views in if true the law was being violated. the matter, though the meeting ended very harmoniously. Members of the as a committee of one to call upon Builders' Exchange were of the opinion Supt. Cooper in regard to the matter. that labor was not at all times fair, while the union men had some doubts about employers as well.

John Bowler, speaking for the build-ers, said that he had used citizen labor by the legislature was constitutional. wherever he could, and that sometimes it was very difficult to fill all classes of work with Americans. For instance on the new Mark Robinson building he said his orders had been to employ only Portuguese or Hawaiian, yet he was compelled to get Japanese stone cutters. This was for the reason that there business and he either had to use Japs, or leave the building unfinished.

EMMELUTH FREES HIS MIND.

Mr. John Emmeluth, a member of the same organization, said that he employed Japanese labor upon his house and that he intended to keep on doing it, until the house was finished. He said he was compelled to protect his family and was unable to pay white labor. A year ago, he sain, plumbers had struck, leaving him with \$30,000 of material which he could not use. The goods were tied up and twenty-three men were thrown out of employment. He lost nearly \$30,000. It the plumbers had been reasonable there would have been no need of the strike. Now Japanese had entered the trade, to the exclusion of everyone else. Also he had tried to do his duty in politics, as a member of the legislature, and again was "dumped." By this he lost \$30,000. He said that individual effort could do nothing, and there would never be any success until the labor unions on their part decided never to enter a Japanese or Chinese store or restaurant. "As for the plumbing busi-ness," said Mr. Emmeluth, "I shall never put another dollar in the plumb-

Mr. Callahan, of the Plumbers' Union, who was present, hotly resented the remarks of Mr. Emmeluth. He said stevedores. of the world for the study of sewerage and infectious diseases and this morning intends to visit the Quarantine station. The doctor is accompanied by his wife.

"The report published that I am to world for the study of sewerage and the world for the study of sewerage and infectious diseases and this was dollars a day when the new sewer system was opened, and been much used been much used hefor the state, mango seeds would only retain their vitality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily state of Mr. J. Nott disputed his of Messrs. Cooper and Perkins, reported progress and had the plans on propositions. The doctor is accompanied by his wife.

"The report published that I am to world for the study of sewer-like world for the study of sewer-like would be effective.

Stance, mango seeds would only retain to stance, mango seeds would only retain to formulate a policy. Until this was first like world for the study of sewer-like would be effective.

Stance, mango seeds would only retain to formulate a policy. Until this was first like in their continuous and been much used hefor the committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

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The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

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The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily to formulate a policy. Until this was fund not been much used hefor the trainet visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on plans for a fumily the visality two weeks.

The committee on p "The report published that I am to study drinking water is a mistake," As for himself he had never entered said Dr. Salomon at the Young Hotel a Jap store, and also given orders at It was finally decided to appoint a

under lock and key at the police sta-

tion at least one of the men who rob-

bed the Swain residence some time ago,

and it is suspected that the man, who

robberies as well. It is an unusual

thing for a Japanese to go into the

business of burglarizing as thoroughly

done, and the police are gratified in

getting hold of what may turn out to

be a dangerous crook. The man was

on Beretania street, and who has been

living alone in the Swain residence for

robbed so often that the occupants

Schoelkopf has been on the watch for

burglars as several times on visiting

the houses under his care he has found

Wednesday evening about midnight

he was aroused by his watch dog

barking, and he arose and made a

About four o'clock he was again arous-

the house to the side yard. Suddenly

two men ran from the shadow of the

search, and although no one

the locks of the doors pried open.

finally moved out,

was one stevedore firm employing 100 Japanese, which he thought should be investigated.

W. W. Harris called attention to the work on the Moillili road where he had been told Japs were employed. John ing he had been out that way on the day previous, and Japs were not work-ing on the government contract. W. E. Rowell also said no Japs were employ-

Mr. Harris said his information came L. E. Pinkham arose to state that he had been given an opinion by the highest legal authority in the Territory to

UNIONS MAKE PROMISE.

Mr. Taylor for the Federated Trades said he would bring the matter of citizen labor before the delegates at a meeting to be held Friday evening, and would urge upon the individual unions the adoption of a rule prohibiting purchases in Asiatic stores, and assessing a fine for violations. The principal kick, Taylor said, would be upon the restaurants, nearly all of which were conducted by Chinese. He did not think that the workmen wanted to go to high-class eating houses in overalls

and soiled clothes. E. Tappan Tannatt said he did not favor the way the campaign was to be started. He said that all the plantations were conducting schools of citi-zen competition by permitting Japa-nese and Chinese to go to school. This he thought should be prohibited.

Mr. Taylor stated that a movement was on foot to organize the stevedores in order to drive out the natives. Last year a union had been formed, but this was for political purposes only. Each member paid in two dollars but heard nothing more of it. He thought ed in order to drive out the Japanese. NATIVES UNRELIABLE.

L. E. Pinkham said that the Japa-

nese question was one largely of in-dividual selffishness. The shipping TO I firms were all desirous of employing natives, but when a ship comes in stev-

It was finally decided to appoint a

committee to confer with the Mer- the new law provided for action

man. He is small and according to

ing visited the Swain residence before

and to have been in several other rob-

SAY GOOD BYE

Keliipio, for six or seven years a clerk

for the Board of Health, departed quite

suddenly last Saturday without saying

good-bye to anyone. He left the Board

of Health office about ten o'clock in

the morning telling Secretary Charlock

already confessed to the police to

for investigation.

captured by C. Schoelkopf, who is a- tell more and also to give information

gent for some of Dr. McGrew's houses as to who his companion in the recent

some time past. This house has been HE FORGOT TO

seemed

he had closed earlier in the evening, afternoon or the next day, Monday

DISCUSSED

His Recent Tour.

Governor Dole invited the Board of Agriculture and Forestry to hold its meeting of yesterday afternoon in his office. Besides the Governor there were present: L. A. Thurston, president; H. E. Cooper, Superintendent of Public Works, secretary; W. M. Giffard and James D. Dole. Miss Dwight of the Public Works office acted as stenographer.

APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. Cooper orally reported from the committee on employes, consisting of the president, Mr. Giffard and himself. It was recommended that Prof. R. C. L. Perkins be appointed assistant entomologist at a salary of \$250 a month and that C. J. Austin be transferred from the division of forestry and made inspector for Honolulu under the division of entomology at a salary of \$125 a month. Further time was asked to consider another proposed transfer and the engagement of rangers and unpaid

assistants on the various islands. Mr. Dole asked if Mr. Austin would have charge of the inspecting of imported plants or only attend to their removing them from place to place for entomological inspection. It was his impression that the inspector ought to know considerable about plants their enemies-in short, be a skilled

man. Mr. Giffard stated that Prof. Perkins had explained that his assistant entomologist would attend personally to the inspection, while Mr. Austin would out his orders in fumigating carry

Mr. Thurston said Prof Perkins told them Austin had been already broken in to some extent and had taken hold

very well. Mr. Dole thought a man could be go for that kind of work at less than \$1500

a year.

Mr. Giffard replied that it needed a pretty good man. One might kill the plants and not kill the insects. To get a man like Mr. Craw at San Francisco yould require a much higher salary. Mr. Thurston said Austin had ac

quired some experience in handling the lantana destruction work and proved he was keen in picking up points.

Mr. Dole then seconded Mr. Giffard's motion to adopt the committee's report which carried unanimously.

Mr. Cooper, answering a question, said the appointments of Profs. Kirkaldy and Terry of London as assistants respectively to Profs. Koebele and however that a union should be form- Perkins had already been confirmed. Their salaries are \$1800 a year each, half to be paid by the Hawaiian Planters' Association. They had been noti-

TO UTILIZE SEEDS.

A suggestion of Prof. Perkins was report. He believed in starting right presented, being that seeds collected by Prof. Koebele in Mexico be turned over Thomas experiment, but let it be done to Mr. Young property of the control of t never put another dollar in the plumbing business under conditions, as they
are not feeling well, and then again
plolani Park, to be germinated. It was
plolani Park, to be germinated. It was
plolani Park, to be germinated. It was
not be taken on Mr. Dole's report imnursery at present were unfavorable
nursery at present were unfavorable
nursery at present were unfavorable mediately. They should give Mr. Hall

MEET FEDERAL SERVICES.

President Thurston mentioned that Mr. S. Stephenson said that there chants' Association regarding the mat-imports of plants which devetailed with Federal instructions to the collector of customs and the postmaster. So that either the front or the back door with his keys. Assured that something was that a committee be appointed to con-NOW IN CUSTODY going on he now broke in the rear door, for with the collector and the postand saw two men standing close to master.

the wall, as if they hoped to escape be- Mr. Giffard wanted to have the pres-The police believe that they now have ing seen in the darkness. When the ident on the committee because queswatchman ordered the men out, one of tions of law were involved. them who was a big fellow made a rush and shoving Mr. Schoelkopf aside appointed Mr. Cooper and the president were

A WAHIAWA SCHEME.

got away. However the watchman caught the smaller man who was Mr. Dole brought up the matter of an is a Jap, has been concerned in other brought to the police station and held application by one Mr. Thomas for five or ten acres of land at Wahlawa, Oahu, The Jap, who gave the name of Ishi-moto, looks to be a thoroughly bad on which to plant trees. He wanted a lease for twenty years, at the end of which the government would have the as the man they have in custody has the police has a crook's face. He has standing trees. The applicant wanted it free, but Commissioner Boyd suggested a rental of fifty cents or one dollar an acre. The Walalua Agriculberies. The police hope to force him to tural Company gave out that, if the land were put up for lease, it would This caused the bid against Thomas. matter to drop. Mr. Thomas would was no water on it.

Governor Dole, being asked to throw light on the matter, said the plantation people had objected because they thought it would interfere with their ditch right of way. Thomas a thousand acres elsewhere for tree planting.

Mr. Dole said the trouble about their offer was that the proffered land was not convenient for Mr. Thomas's pur-

President Thurston asked if he want to be around he noticed that a side that he would be back in an hour. But ed to plant trees pro bono publico, and window was opened, which he was sure he didn't come. He didn't return that wood.

Mr. Giffard thought there were beted by his dog's barking and this time Mr. Charlock found a note upon his ter trees for him than gum, mentioning went outside and walked around desk from Keliipio saying that he had a turpentine tree of South America. President Thurston asked what was had family troubles of late and wanted the use of going on, if the plantation

house and jumped the fence into the to leave them behind. So he had taken was going to bid against the man. Governor Dole said if the applicant could have the use of the land as caretaker, it might be arranged without

Mr. Cooper suggested a license to Mr. Thomas to plant trees. It was also the land sloped from the highest moun- the Territory.

KALIHI CAMP MAINTAINED FOR A BASE POLITICAL USE

It Is Also a Government Competitor of Lodging House Keepers Who Are Having a Hard Time to Make a Living.

Editor Advertiser: Will you kindly explain to me the necessity or usefulness of the maintenance of the so-called Kalihi Camp? We all know that it was created with the object to give shelter and to quarantine a large portion of the population of old Chinatown, when it was rendered destitute and homeless in consequence of the great fire, which destroyed that portion of our city about four years ago. Later on when the people were liberated and dwellings were scarce and rentals high, some natives and a few Asiatics were permitted to remain free of charge and finally paid \$1.00 per month as a contribution towards the maintenance of this institution, which was a losing proposition then as it has been ever since

This state of affairs was perfectly satisfactory and not objected to by any one until enough cheap houses were rebuilt and are now so plentiful that scores of them are unoccupied, which the owners would be glad to rent at any figure, so that good lodgings and rooms, such as the people at the Kalihi Camp have, may be had at from \$2.00 to \$3.00

Now if this be the case why should the Government run a lodging house free of charge in opposition to lodging-house keepers, who pay a license, particularly when it is a losing proposition, and why should the poor native prefer to live at the camp, when his carfare to and from that place amounts to more than the rental of a room or lodging in town?

It is an open secret and an asserted fact that the Kalibi Camp is used and colonized for election purposes and controlled by politicians and job hunters, not all of the best character, and I think it is an injustice to the bona fide resident citizens and voters of the 5th District to allow such an institution to be maintained.

It is a political hot-bed of Home Rulers in Republican disguise, representing the lowest element of the native population gathered from all parts of the city, shrunk and swelled as occasion requires, to corrupt and defeat political issues and therefore mostly victorious to the detriment of true Republicanism and good government.

If the Government intends to run a poor or alms-house why not say and name it so, and let it be treated as such and not like an institution of great political significance.

I as a Republican and resident of the 5th District protest against the continuance of this so-called camp, which is a menace to public welfare and an infringement upon the rights of free citizens and voters.

I. H. SCHNACK,

report.

Mr. Giffard thought no individual schemes ought to be entertained until after they had the reports of experts. They should await the arrival of Mr. Hall from Washington and the ap-pointment of a superintendent after his

Mr. Harris suggested that the Merchants' Association make a request
that only citizen labor be employed as
stevedores. As they shipped and restevedores. As they shipped and resibly some of the seeds were dead alsibly some of the seeds were dead al-He ought to meet ing.

Mr. Dole was appointed a committee of one to investigate the proposal gard to forest protection, the Governor

meeting. ernor if he had any "words of wisdom" had been replaced with grass.

to offer the Board. TO EXTERMINATE SHEEP.

Governor Dole in response told about great headway. the Kuauahulu lands in North Kona, probably containing 30,000 or 40,000 acres. It was a lava tract, covered to acres of land on Haleakaia which was some extent with a thin growth of fenced a few years ago. The mere trees, adjoining this tract was the fencing of that land had caused such Keeaumoku ranch, Macfarlane's. The a dense growth as to prevent any dy-Government land was teeming with ing man or animal from going into it. sheep-probably 2000 or 3000 running The trees were largely ohia, koa and

months' notice be given to Macfarlane's from seven years back. to take the sheep off. Most of the Mr. Giffard told about a journey he animals belonged to the Government, made about twenty years ago from as they were unmarked. There were Mana to Paauhau, when everything no dogs there, the Keeaumoku people was green forest there in the sumkeeping them off. In answer to Mr. mer time. He went through there athurston, he said he would recom- gain two years ago and hardly attiving mended that the Board give three tree was to be seen. It made him sick, months' notice, as the law gave it the Mr. Cooper stated that land fenced at power, and that at the end of that time Pahala not long ago was now a thick the sheep be exterminated. He added, forest, answering another inquiry, that the ranch lease ran five or six years more tract of several hundred acres of land but did not extend over any of the in Kula suitable for corn was adjoinland he had spoken of,

The tract in question had been re- koa trees, where there served for forests under the old law any similar growth for many years, by proclamation. It had not been re- The vitality of koa and able trees two thousand acres at the foot of the ing insects or other causes he could tract might be kept out of the re- not say, servation, being good ranch land.

rangement might be made for getting fixed on the koa wood. he sheep off.

It was voted that the proprietors of Keenumoku ranch be requested to show cause why they should not be required to remove the sheep at three months' notice.

The Governor stated that Eben Low own was ready to enter into a contract to take the sheep. THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

Governor Dole, beginning with Lanal, proceeded to relate his observa- vitation with thanks, as he

****************** suggested that Mr. Dole investigate and tain to the eastward. The top of that mountain was covered with a dense forest growth. At about 1000 feet elevation there was a fine plateau. The whole top of the mountain might be fenced in so as to preserve the forest. Mr. Gay, in connection with the negotiation of new leases, was prepared to do the fencing.

The Governor said he went through the burnt district of North Hilo and Hamakua to some extent. In North natives, but when a snip comes in sorted and natives, but when a snip comes in sorted are urgently required and natives are not reliable. Sometimes they to Mr. Young, superintendent of Katives are not feeling well, and then again plolani Park, to be germinated. It was are not feeling well, and then again plolani Park, to be germinated. It was not be taken on Mr. Dole's report important in the conditions at the conditions a last year. Very little grass had come up. It was in fine condition for planting. Eucalyptus seeds could be planted there without great expense. The gar planters would probably do it if furnished with the seeds.

A fact he gained up there with reof Mr. Thomas and report at next said, was one which he never thought of before. Previous to the fire cattle President Thurston asked the Gov- had destroyed the underbrush and this grass would not burn readily, so that the tire in such places did not make

OTHER DEMONSTRATIONS.

President Thurston spoke about 2500 over it. The surface was ground into lauhala. A marked fact was that of fine dust by the sheep's feet. There one side of the fence there was a dense mas a poor chance for foresting the growth, while on the other side one tract under those conditions.

The Governor proposed that three forest. All of this forest growth dated

President Thurston mentioned that a ed by valleys containing hundreds of erved under the present Board. About seemed precarious, whether from bor-

Governor Dole quoted Prof. Perkins Mr. Cooper thought an amicable ar- as saying there were 21 insects that

Mr. Giffard expected much from the work of the entomological division.

INVITATIONS. Governor Dole invited the Board to hold its meetings in his office until its

headquarters were ready. President Thurston invited the Governor to join the Board in a visit to the forest nursery on Friday morning. They were to be at the place by 10:20.

The Governor had to decline the intions upon his recent tour. On Lanai gased in writing his annual report on

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The Standard Oil Company. The George F. Blake Eteam Pumps. Weston's Centrifugals.

The New England Mutual Life Insur-ance Company, of Boston. The Actna Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.

The Alliance Assurance Company, of

Castle & Cooke, H. M. Coke, resigned.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY Miss Seong, assistant Waianae, v. Miss Sophie Beerman, transferred. Mrs. Fran, teacher at Wahiawa, v.

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TEACHERS

Many Changes in Staff Fiesta of Schools for New Term.

At a meeting of the Commissioners of Public Instruction yesterday morning, Superintendent A. T. Atkinson presiding, the details of teachers for the ensuing term, as reported by the standing committee, were adopted. number of changes is large and inludes some well-earned promotions, The transfers of teachers are as fol-

ows by islands: ISLAND OF OAHU. Mrs. Mary W. Gunn, of Kawalahao, o be principal of Pohukaina, vice Mrs.

D. Henpy, resigned. Miss Belle Weight, assistant Kaahunanu school, from Kawaiahao, Hono-

Mrs. Hopkins, of Reform school, to principal of Kawalahao, vice Mrs. lunn, transferred.

Miss Jennie Nielsen, of Punchbowl chool, to Kawaiahao as assistant, vice Miss Weight, transferred.

Miss Kate Horner, of Kalihiwaena, transferred to Pohukaina, vice Miss Victoria Jordan, transferred. Miss Victoria Jordan, of Pohukaina, ansferred to Maemae additional room, Miss Jean Angus, of Kauluwela,

ransferred to Punchbowl, as assistant, ice Miss Nielsen, transferred, Miss Myra Angus, of Pepcekeo, transerred as assistant to Kauluwela school, ce Miss Jean Angus, transferred. Miss Maud Johnston, of Kalihi-wae-

na, transferred as assistant to Kalu-ani, vice Miss C. Green, resigned. Miss Emma Beerman, of Waipahu, transferred as assistant to Kalihi-wana, vice Miss Johnston, transferred. Miss Sophie Beerman, of Walanne, transferred as assistant to Walpahu, vice Miss Emma Beerman, transferred. Miss F. Koelling, of Hauula, transerred as assistant to Waiahole, vice

Miss Maria Plikol, resigned. Miss E. Koelling, of Kailua, trans-ferred as teacher of Kahuku school, ice W. A. Yeats, transferred.

ISLAND OF MAUL

Mrs. McDonald, of the Normal school, Honolulu, transferred as assistant to

Lahainaluna. M. H. Kane, of Kipahulu, transfered to Kaupo as principal, vice Miss ewa lokia, transferred.

Miss Louisa Pihi, of Lahaina, transerred to Hana as assistant, vice Miss Lucy Kaukau, transferred. Miss Lucy Kaukau, of Hana, trans-

ferred as assistant to Lahaina, vice Miss Louisa Pihi, transferred. Miss Lucy Lani, of Makena, trans-

ISLAND OF HAWAII.

R. L. Ogilvie, of Haena school, transferred as teacher of Honokahau, vice Edward Osborn, resigned.

Miss Georgia Allen, of Holualoa, N Kona, transferred as assistant to Ke-alahou, vice Miss Minnie B. Simons,

D. B. Kuhns, of Waipio, Hawaii, transferred as teacher to Makena, vice Miss Lucy Lani, transferred. Miss Esther Pomeroy, of Walaken transferred as assistant to Hilo Union,

ice Miss Nellie Carr, resigned. Mrs. E. S. Capellas, of Nahiku vice Miss Hannah Kahuena, resigned. Waimea, trans ferred as principal of Waipio school, vice B. B. Brightwell, transferred.

Schellberg, resigned. Harry Irwin, of Pohakupuka, transferred as principal of Kaapahu, vice J. Perreida, transferred.

ransferred as principal of Keauhov, ice Miss Mary Ferreira, resigned. Miss Lewa Iokia, of Kaupo, transferred as principal of Honokohau, vice Miss Calla J. Harrison, resigned,

Mrs. L. Shoemaker, of Hilo, transferred as assistant of Holualoa school, ice Miss Georgia Allen, transferred. Miss Patsen Chung, of Kaupo, transferred as assistant to the 12 Miles school, Olna.

ISLAND OF KAUAL

Miss Dorothy Whittington, of Makaweli, transferred as assistant to Ke-

Following are the appointments made by the Board by islands:

ISLAND OF OAHU.

Mrs. Margaret Wong, assistant Kauluwela, vice Miss M. Mosaman, resign-

Miss Kathleen Monsarrat, cadet teacher at Normal school.

Miss Ethel Horner, assistant Kalihiwaena, vice Miss Ida Belle Lamb, re-

Miss Seong, assistant Waianae, vice Mrs. Frain, teacher at Wahiawa, vice Mrs. Edna Bevans Tracy, resigned. Miss Margaret Mossman, assistant teacher of singing.

ISLAND OF MAUL. C. A. McDonald, principal Lahaina-

Miss Jennie Kawaiaea, assistant Kaupo school, vice Miss Patsen Chung, transferred.

Miss Lily Aki, assistant Kaupo, additional room. Miss Genevieve Dowsett, assistant at ferred, Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephens Ulupalakua, vice Miss Nancy Cum-

mings, resigned.

Miss Ontal, assistant at Wailuku, vice Mrs. Rowena K. Hose, trans-

Miss Hattie Mauli, assistant at Walee, vice Miss Lucy Kaleikau, resign-Miss Vincente, as assistant at Huelo,

vice Miss Carrie Benjamin, resigned, ISLAND OF HAWAII.

Miss Mary Potter, to take High school classes in Hilo Union.

SHIRT WAISTS

Hawaii Yacht Club.

The moonlight flesta and ball of the Hawaii Yacht Club to be held at the are under command to wear uniform and their ladies will follow suit.

The special train has been arranged for with the rallroad company and will leave the Honolulu depot at 7.45 re- of the meeting was the adoption of a sold at the Peninsula for twenty-five tlement funds. cents. The regular tickets to the dance cover all other expenses of rail- duced by Mr. Andrews was seconded way and refreshments. These are on by Mr. Winston and adopted as folsale at the depot. Souvenir dance lows: programmes, emblazoned with the club for the occasion and the Ellis sep-disabled, or diseased horses, asses, donwill be lavish.

A feature of the evening will be the prizes won this season by the competing yachts. The cups are of very pretty designs and are suitably engraved besides being enamelled with the club flag. Winning boats are the Helene, two prizes, Gladys, two, La Paloma, one; Princess, one, Myrtle, two, Malihini two, Skip one, Marion two.

The race starts on Saturday afternoon at two fifteen with a preparatory gun, the classes getting away at 2:30, 2:35 and 2:40; for the first, third and fourth classes respectively.

The small boats as well as the large ones will be compelled to carry lifebuoys of ring shape and any craft not conforming to the rule will be dis-

and a course like Saturday's run before the wind needs such precautions. There have been no serious mishaps in Hawaii Yacht Club races so far but boats have been capsized. The little fellows often take chances on short cuts running to Puuloa and go perilously near blind breakers where a cap-

size could be easily accomplished. "Man overboard, struck by the boom," is always a likely casualty and a ring buoy might save his life where he would be down before his boat with filed his application again through full spinnaker drawing and main sheet out could come about to pick him up. George Turner starts all classes from

J. Perreida, of Kaapahu, transferred There are sure to be some twenty crift that the license was strongly opposed wisest to stay here. The value of the as principal of Ahualoa, vice L. E. in review for the dance and opening by the Board. of the club house.

and has had her spars remodelled. The his license should be issued: Mrs. J. P. Maydwell, of Holusion, Gladys is on the ways being cleaned 1. There is a great deal of swipes in The Ellises, who lately asked the today. She will be repainted for the this district which is very dangerous Supreme Court to declare Sumner infunction at the Feninsula.

> Miss Harriet Hapal, as assistant Hilo Union school, vice Miss Jessie Lycan, sale, which is contrary to the law of

Miss Mabel Lampman, as assistant Hilo Union school.

Miss Rebecca Macy, assistant at Pohakupuka, vice H. Irwin, transferred. W. A. Yeats, of Kahuku, Oahu, teach- usually large amount of work. er of Ookala school, vice Miss Mary McKinley, transferred.

Miss Naopala, assistant at Waipio, vice D. B. Kuhns, transferred. Miss Grace Taylor Webster, assistant

Pepeekeo, vice Miss Myra Angus, transferred:

Sam Kaaekuahiwe, assistant Kukuihaele, vice W. J. E. Payne. Miss Lily Williams, assistant Hono-

kaa, vice Mrs. Schellberg, resigned. Miss Maud Woods, assistant at Honomakau. Manuel de Corte, assistant at Keau-

hou, vice Miss Ferreira, transferred.

Chas. Paaluhi, teacher at the new school at Puuanahulu.

ISLAND OF KAUAL Mrs. George Huddy, teacher of Koolau school, vice Mrs. Christian, reold buildings made. signed.

Miss Emma Kawelo, assistant at Kapaa school, vice Miss O'Connel, trans-

principal of Haena chool, vice Mr. Ogilvie, transferred. Miss Anna Danford, principal Makavell, vice Miss C. Stewart, resigned. Helen Nunn, assistant Makawell, vice Miss Whittington, transfer-

Miss Mabel Mossman, principal Kekaha school, vice Miss Clair Barron, resigned. Akuni Ahau, reappointed teacher at Kailua, vice Miss E. Koelling, trans-

and Ball of New Rule Adopted By Board of Health.

The Board of Health met yesterday Peninsula in the railroad pavilion will with all members present. These inbe, by commodore's orders, strictly a cluded President Cooper, Dr. Mays, M. shirt waist affair. Yacht club members P. Robinson, F. C. Smith, E. C. Winston, S. K. Ka-ne and Attorney-General Andrews, with Dr. Pratt, Secretary Charlock and Supt. McVeigh.

Probably the most important action turning in time to reach town before resolution putting an end to the keep midnight. Special Rapid Transit cars ing of useless horses and cattle at the will meet this train having been settlement. The lepers draw rations for chartered by the club. A small extra horses and cattle which are of no use charge is made for fares on these cars to anybody, and there appears to be no and tickets entitling to a ride will be way to stop the drain upon the set-

The resolution or regulation intro-

"It shall be the duty of the Superdevice in colors, have been engraved intendent to dispose of all superfluous, tette engaged for music. Decorations keys or cattle, now at the settlement, or which at any time shall accumulate therein, as speedily as possible, and presentation of some \$200 worth of the same shall not be kept at government expense."

> BONDSMEN NOT SATISFACTORY. The Board of Health refused to acept the bondsmen on Keliinoi's bond for the faithful performance of the palal contract. The secretary was instructed to write to Mr. Kellinoi and tell him to either get a surety bond or bondsmen who are satisfactory to the government. The names on the bond were W. C. Achi, C. B. Wilson

and A. C. Dowsett. WANTS HER HUSBAND

Mrs. Mele Nillei petitioned to have her husband sent to her as kokua. The matter was referred to Supt, McVeigh upon this clause in all ocean racing already in the settlement and said he was opposed to increasing the number. The Superintendent however was of the opinion that more workers were needed, provided that they filled positions at the settlement.

NO SALOONS AT SETTLEMENT. The Board also placed itself on record as opposed to granting any saloon licenses in the settlement. J. D. Kahele, who some time ago petitioned the Board to allow him to open a saloon,

Treasurer Kepolkai. The application was transmitted through Registrar Hapai, Kahele aska line between the light house and ing for a light wine and beer license. the Healani wharf on Saturday after- All the members of the Board were Princess, his late wife, whom he wish-Mrs. E. S. Capellas, of Nanku noon. The gun will go off promptly on opposed to the license or in any way ed to marry. Most of the Tahiti proptime. On arriving at Pearl Harbor the countenancing the open sale of liquor craft will moor in line off the cab to the lepers. The secretary was inhouse and dress and illuminate ship, structed to inform Treasurer Kepoikai or other Admiral Janes thought it

In his petition to the Treasurer, Ka-La Paloma has a new set of sails hele gave the following reasons why

liquor. 2. The swipes makers are not manufacturing it for their own use, but for the row came so they have small reason

the Territory of Hawaii.

INSPECTORS' REPORTS. Reports were read from all the inspectors for the month showing an un-

Plumbing Inspector Keen reported as follows for the semi-monthly period ending July 31st, 1903:

Number of plumbing permits issued,

Number of inspections of plumbing and house sewers, 102. Number of final certificates issued

Number of sewer connections made For the month of July, 1903:

Number of plumbing permits issued, Number of inspections of plumbing nd house sewers made, 200. Number of final certificates issued, 54.

Number of sewer connections made, Seven building permits have been ap-

ORIENTAL HEALTH.

Dr. Cofer reported as follows upon health conditions in the Orient and Australia: Yokohama, two weeks to July 22, 1903

Clean. Nagasaki, two weeks to July 17, 1903—Clean. Shanghai, two weeks to July 12, 1903—Smallpox, cases, 1; deaths, 4. Amoy, two weeks to July 12, 1903-Twenty deaths daily (estimated). Kobe, two weeks to July 19, 1903-Clean. Hongkong, two weeks to July 11, 1903—Plague, cases, 56; deaths, 40. At Sydney, on June 13, 1903—Plague. cases, 1; deaths 0; 2 cases of plague 1 June 17th, and 1 July 4th, 1903. Brisbane and Suva, clean.

DAVIS IS TAKING **LESSONS IN BOXING**

Things are going to happen.

About a week ago, George Davis began taking boxing lessons of Lon Agnew. He contracted for three a week. George pledged the few who knew about it to strict silence but a circumstance so fraught with peril to the community could not be kept down. Besides George got so mad because Agnew wouldn't let him bite in the clinches that he couldn't keep still himself.

Davis thought of studying the eye gouge and the throttle first but Agnew trained him in jumping sideways and backwards, in shielding his mouth with the back of his hand and in tossing the medicine ball. It is expected that two months will elapse before the Professor can turn George loose in the community fit to get along without a hip pocket,

In his spare moments, it is said, that George is making out a list of those he is going to lick. The Attorney General comes first. A neat upper cut and three thumps on the slats are designed for him. The editor of the Star is to see more stars and the editor of the Advertiser is to receive a solar plexus blow and a few impressive remarks at the grave. Whether George will lick the members of the Supreme Court or not will depend entirely on their action in the disbarment case.

Davis is in hopes that the new Lawyer's Society will go in with him for athletics. Sumner's new home at Kalihi might be taken for a gymnasium: if not, Mr. Sumner can probably be induced, if there is any way to reach him at Tahiti, to hire a hall for the club and pay for the apparatus.

SUMNER LEAVES FOR FAR TAHITI

John K. Sumner went away yesterday with the remnant of his fortune. Accompanied by Wally Davis and the latter's wife he left on the Alameda for the coast intending to go from there to Tahiti. Out of the \$110,000 for investigation. Mr. Winston sug- paid him by the Oahu railroad, he cargested that there were enough kokuas ried off something less than \$30,000. Upon this comfortable sum Wally Davis will keep his eye. Almost the last familiar sight the old man saw was a company of lawyers in a tug keeping pace with the Alameda. Happily the lawyers, for once, were not after him. They were out to give Judge Estee a parting hurrah.

One of those who were left on the dock disconsolate was Admiral J. F. Janes. The Admiral was Sumner's factotum for four months and has his commission in writing. It is the only commission he got. Sumner promised him all sorts of money but it was never in sight. Tanes says that at one time the old man wanted to send him to Tahiti to bring back a niece of the erty which he inherited from his wifstands in her name. But for some reason Tahiti property on which Sumner could realize without marriage is only \$2000, so he told Janes, and there may be a

hundred head of cattle on it. to the health of those drinking the vile same and appoint a guardian for his property are also out of it. But their nests were pretty well feathered before

> to complain. Sumner was in high glee when he left yesterday but he had a sharp eye out for lawyers.

HOW TO GAIN FLESH

The life of food is the fat within it-the more fat the more real benefit from the food; that is why cod liver oil is a powerful builder of

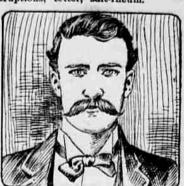
Scott's Emulsion of pure cod liver oil solves the problem of how to take cod liver oil. That is one reason why doctors have been prescribing Scott's Emulsion for all wasting diseases, coughs, colds and bronchitis for almost thirty years.

One of the inducements offered in order to substitute something else for Scott's Emulsion is the matter of cost. You save a few cents at the expense of your health. Scott's Emulsion costs more because it does more and does it better than the substitutes.

We'll send you a sample free upon request SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

A Bad Skin

Prick your skin with a needle. You will see it is full of blood, full all the time. But what kind of blood? Rich and pure? Or thin and impure? Pure blood makes the skin clear, smooth, healthy. Impure blood covers the skin with pimples, sores, boils, eczema, eruptions, tetter, salt-rheum.



Mr. Frank Hewett, of Kalgoorlie, W. A., sends his photograph and tells what cured him, "When a boy my skin broke out in had sores about my hands. After trying a great many remedies in vain, I took Ayer's Sarsaparilla and was quickly cured. Recently I was troubled again with severe boils, but one bot-tle of the same old remedy completely cured me. It's the greatest blood-purifying medi-cine in the world."

AYER'S Sarsapar

Be sure you get Ayer's.

Aid the Sarsaparilla by keeping your bowels a good condition with Ayer's Pills.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Just out of the Custom House. From Paris The Finest Line of Tooth and Hair

Ever Shown R in this Market. Call and See

Yourself "The Hollister" 😫

TOOTH BRUSH Price 35c Try this one and tell us what you think of it.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.,

FORT STREET.

CHAS. BREWER CO.'S NEW YORK LINE

FOOHNG SUEY Sailing from NEW YORK to HONOLULU On or about July 15. FREIGHT TAKEN AT LOWEST RATES. For freight rates apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO.

27 Kilby St., Boston, ob C. BREWER & CO., LIMITED, HONOLULU.

MOANA HOTEL . .

WAIKIKI BEACH

RAPID TRANSIT ELECTRIC CARS arrive at, and depart from, the main entrance to the Moans Hotel every ten minutes.

MOANA HOTEL CO., LTD. MRS. FISH AND THE PRINCELING.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish has such an assured place in society that she doesn't hesitate to tell of her husband's early struggles with the world. In fact, she is rather fond of doing so. While in Nice last spring she related at a dinner party how Mr. Fish worked his way up to the presidency of the Illinois Central Railroad. A German princeling, who was among the guests; remarked, with just the trace of a "I had always heard that your husband came from a fine famiperfect good nature. "Oh, yes, he does. But, you see, in America it is not a disgrace to work. How much better it would be if those conditions prevailed in Europe. We in America would be spared so many titled nonentitles."-Detroit Free Press.

CHOLERA INFANTUM should be guarded against, and prevented by treating the child at the first unusual ooseness of the bowels. Mothers can not be too careful about this, especially in hot weather. They should have medicine ready for such an emergency. No better remedy is prepared than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Every household should have a bottle at hand. Get it today. It may save a life. Al! Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

The undersigned having been apcointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts

German Lloyd Marine Insur'es Ce OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seat at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., General Agents.

General insurance Co. for Sea River and Land Transport. of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawalian Islands, undersigned general agents are author-ized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CC., Agents for the Hawalian Islands.

YOUR SUGAR CROP

Depends on the right quantity and quality of Ammoniates it has to feed upon, Nitrogen (Ammonia) being the principal material removed from the soil y sugar cane.

A few dollars' worth of

NITRATE OF SODA

(The Standard Ammoniate)

fed to each acre of growing cane will give surprising results.

Planters should read our Bulletins giving results of Agricul-tural Experiment Station trials. They are sent free. Send name on Post Card.

WILLIAM S. MYERS, Director. 12-16 John St., New York, U. B. A.

T. K. JAMES, Proprietor.

Private apartments, en suite and sin-Finest appointed and furnished house in Hawaii. Mosquito proof throughout. Hotel street, near Alakea.

FOR A PAIN in the side or chest there is nothing better than a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and applied to the seat of pain. This same treatment is a sure cure for lame back. One application gives relief. Try it. All Dealers and Druggists sell it. Benson, Smith & Co. Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

where throughout the world. by all chemists here and everyfreed from its base metals. One bottle convinces. Begins its good work with the first dose. Sold tio Tayil boo to blog and smias Throat and Lung Troubles, and all diseases of the blood, Conful record in Anemia, Scrofula, and life-giver, with a successwe have the perfect flesh-maker Malt and Wild Cherry. In this soients scientific union of ingredients phosphites and the Extracts tresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypowhich is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver Oil, extracted by us from WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION successfully accomplished nutrient substances of equal value. This has always been neble grease and scientifically blended with other curative and the other hand pure cod liver the other hand pure cod liver oil contains medicinal principles of a high order, but to be of use to the sick they must first be extructed from the momitteelly of the sick they must first be extracted from the steers and scientifically things necessary to invalids, On bos nial so is plain cod liver lis to si moisseib boog pur ; lio tood, such as rice, is more tat-tening than any oil, but all star-chy toods are horribly indigestipersons have in plain cod liver oil as a remedy, Any starchy bemroini-yibad smos dist edt is no foundation whatever for fat, or flesh; much less does it put flesh on. That is why there io seol od inevent ton soob ini quite a different matter. To eat other wasting complaints it is state is perfectly adapted. But when you come to think of it as a remedy for consumption and over the raging water. For this purpose the oil in its natural this by squeezing the cod livers the force of the waves. They do When caught in heavy gales at sea the fishermen of toway warmen of the fishermen to the first oil to break

A VITAL DIFFERENCE.

Bomburg-Bremen Fire Insurance &c. BIG ESTATE APPRAISED

Valuation Nearly Two and Half Millions.

R. W. Shingle, H. Armitage and F. Wundenberg, administrators of the estate of Samuel C. Allen, deceased, yesterday filed their inventory and ap-praisement. The footings are as fol-

lows:	30 127-6
Cash\$	79,731 8
Bonds	367,394
Sugar Plantation Stocks	438,142
Miscellaneous Stocks	568,057
Assignments Fire Claims	2,920
Real Estate	147,422
Bills Receivable Secured by	
mortgage	294,670
Bills Receivable Unsecured	10,347
Bills Receivable Secured by	

ANOTHER HOLT APPEAL

Collaterals.

Leasehold.

Henry Smith, trustee of the estate of Robert William Holt, deceased, has tion of these waters when it will appealed from the order of Judge Gear promptly put in an amount in the genappointing Carlos A. Long administrator de gonls non with the will annexed

of the same estate. Judge Gear sustained the demurrer to the petition of Catherine Saylor for an accounting in the matter of the estate of Catherine P. Auld. The petition was dismissed. Creighton & Correa, counsel for petitioner, did not appear. Atkinson & Judd appeared for W. C. Parke, administrator.

Judge Gear appointed Shige Toshii-chi temporary administrator of the estate of Kuabara Minekichi under \$1000 bond. H. A. Bigelow for petitioner.

Masa Hiranc was appointed by Judge Gear permanent administratrix of the estate of Uusimatsu Hirano under \$250 bond. F. E. Thompson for peti-

tioner. Chise Fugishige has been granted a divorce from S. Fugishige on account of the latter's failure to support her

and his extreme cruelty. INHERITANCE PAID UP.

J. M. Monsarrat, administrator of the estate of Madame Kekipi, deceased, yesterday filed a supplemental and final account balancing at \$1015 on either side, which was approved by Judge Gear. From June 7. 1901, F. de Costa. heir, was the beneficiary of the amount of \$925; including \$784 paid to him di-

rectly in the past three months.

At the hearing of this case a year ago Judge Gear denied the petition of Hulu, claiming to be heir as nephew of the dead woman. He held that Francisco de Costa, husband of deceased, was the only heir at law and if he had not appeared the estate would have escheated to the Govern-

Mr. Poepoe contended for the claimant, Hulu, that his father, Poohuihul, was the brother of Kai, and that Kai

first Constitution was promulgated in Lahaina, the first Constitution of Ka-Thus Captain Bart the natives then called male hooau.

The Court referred Mr. Poepoe to the ack of any evidence that at the time Kekipi was born Kai was living with To the contrary, Manasi testified that the child was born at the time Kai married Ahu, which was evidence not disputed by petitioner's witnesses. In denying the petition of Hulu, Judge Gear ruled that on the evidence Francisco de Costa was the only hele at law and entitled to the estate, and the hearing then concluded as follows:

Mr. Poepoe-I would make a motion and appeal to the jury from this fact, and appeal on the fact that Hulu is

The Court-The attorney of Mr. de five dollars for defending the contest of the heirship, to be paid out of the

The master's report is confirmed subect, however, to the payment to J. One plan proposed suite general. M. Monsarrat, not as administrator, but as attorney for the heir, Francisco de Costa, of seventy-five dollars attorney's fee, which will be deducted the fourth and fifth districts meet in from the amount found to be due from the administrator. This is for expert is believed that the rules adopted would services in defending on the question be such as to protect the par of heirship. And the Court finds that the Home Rule fake votes.

this case I will not do it. If you have leave the party and support a citizen' a statutory right in this case you may ticket.-Star. take it. The accounts will be settled and the petition for discharge of the administrator will be allowed upon his filing a receipt or paying the money sider data to be f into Court. And the Court will dis- gate to Congress. charge Mr. Monsarrat as administrator and absolute his bond.

Mr. Poepoe took an appeal, which was dismissed by the Supreme Court. Francisco de Costa yesterday filed signatories. a receipt in full for the balance due him. \$624, countersigned by C. W. Ashford as his attorney.

bond to Judge Gear in the penal sum C. Vida aforesaid, with full rights of of twenty-five thousand dollars, as inheritance. The adopted boy will be guardian of the property of Muriel three years of age on September 15. Campbell and Mary Beatrice Campbell, 1903, according to the contract, though infant children of the late James Camp- an evidently clerical error in the petibell. His sureties are A. M. Brown and tion gives that coming date as that John F. Colburn. Charles F. Chilling- of his birth. In the contract itself Keeho the signature of Mr. Colburn. in the case.

please inform us of the name of a city in America or Europe which has too many parks? In boyhood days we re-member having as a French text book one c...led "The Parks of London." It caused a lasting impression of the nu-merousness and grandeur of those parks which will never be effaced. In studying the parks of Philadelphia and other great cities one must be impress-ed with the idea that such cities were happy in their infancy in having broad-minded men at the helm who were liberal and far-sighted. In noting the great and expensive struggle going on in New York and in other cities to rectify the errors of their first inhabitants in failing to make provision for the essential breathing places in cities which parks notoriously are, one can not understand why any one in this twentieth century should advocate the transposing of a fund collected for the two-fold purpose of a memorial to a great and noble man and for providing a park for the enjoyment of future gen-erations. Instead of such advocacy would it not be wise to induce every legislature which meets to borrow money to be laid out in establishing and maintaining more of such embellishments and essentials as good parks? We all admit the necessity for a beautiful and useful light-house for the entrance to our harbor. We know also how easy it is to obtain such a nec-essary guide to navigators. It is merely necessary to impress the authorities of the general government with

fact that a light-house is desired and essential to the security of the navigaeral appropriation bill for the purpose. The government at Washington is quite solicitous to hear from us of any wants we may have in which it can use part of the money which it is carrying away from here, monthly, to the distraction of the commerce of the Islands.

JAMES W. GIRVIN.

CLAVERING SKIPPER IN MORE TROUBLE

If there is an angry man in town it is Captain Barton of the S. S. Clavering, for yesterday after having all sorts of trouble with his vessel, he found that five of his Chinese crew had scaped from the steamer during the night and are now in all probability hiding in Chinatown. Thus he is confronted with another problem, and if the men are not recovered the im-migration officials will insist on being paid \$2500, or \$500 apiece for each of the escaping Chinamen.

There have been two watchmen on the steamer since she has been anchored in the stream but it would not be a hard matter to evade them on such a large vessel. It is supposed that the Chinamen got away just before daylight on Monday morning. There was a quartermaster and four of the crew who took French leave and they made their escape. The boat was found yes-terday morning tied to the stern of the steamer Hawaii which is lying at a wharf directly opposite from the

tion authorities and the police, and of the house boat are about twenty-these two departments together with five feet width and forty length and the police, and of the house boat are about twenty-these two departments together with and Ahu were the parents of Kekipi. the ship's officers, spent all yesterday When the Court asked him where was making a search for the men. It will was his evidence of the marriage be- be almost impossible to find the Chitween Ahu and Kai, counsel answered: nese, however, once they reach the In the year 1840, that is when the Chinese quarter for in that place they nese, however, once they reach the

Thus Captain Barton with all his mehameha Third, wherein it says that other trouble has run afoul of the imall marriages or cohabitations of one migration laws, and this is no light woman at the time of the Premier Ka-ahumanu is a legal marriage, and what Captain who in violation of the Exclusion Act allows Chinese to land in the United States is liable to a fine less than \$500 and not more than \$1000 each Chinese landed, in the discretion of the Court.

REPUBLICANS AND THE PRIMARIES

The sentiment against the wide open primary proposition of the Republican Central committee appears to be grow ing, and today the statement was made about town that many would leave the The Court—The attorney of Mr. de Costa will be allowed a fee of seventy- party if the organization was going to Costa will be allowed a fee of seventy- be captured by Home Rulers. "The watchword of the party should be 'Refor Republicans publican primaries only," said J. A. McCandless, voicing

One plan proposed to meet the difficulty is to have the central commit tee rescind its action of last Saturday night, and have district committees o convention and adopt primary rules. be such as to protect the party from Francisco de Costa is the only heir.

If you ask me to allow an appeal in by many Republicans that they will by many Republicans that they will be many Republicans.

> At its meeting this evening the Build ers and Traders' Exchange will sider data to be furnished to the Dele-

> Three ultramarine wafers with saw edges are affixed as the seals of the

> > BOY ADOPTED.

Judge De Bolt yesterday legalized a contract of adoption made between William C. Vida and Mrs. Ida Patter-George A. Davis yesterday filed his William C. Vida Jr., son of William as inheritance. The adopted boy will be worth witnesses the signatures of the masculine pronoun "his" appears in two places referring to the foster mother. L. M. Straus was attorney

TOTAL LOSS

Towed From Pearl Harbor and Sinks.

Last evening Almy's house boat, which has been the living quarters of men working on the Pearl Harbor bur for some months past, was anchored in a sinking condition off Kalihi, as the tug Kaena was unable to tow it any further on account of the water which had already leaxed in, and probab y by this morning the whole outfit has gone to the bottom.

When work was first begun on the bar the house boat was rented from Almy by Cotton Brothers to be used as living quarters for the forty odd men that they had working there, and for whom no suitable accommodations ould be found ashore. When work was finished on the bar

Sunday night, preparations were made to bring back the dredger and everything which had been used in connec-tion with the work. The dredger was brought up the other day, also several scow loads of pipe and small machinery. Yesterday afternoon the Kaena started for the city with the houseboat in tow and two small floats con-taining the last amount of stuff to be brought up. All went well until the flotilla was about half way to the harbor when the house boat was found to be leaking badly. The seams had evidently opened with the pounding which she had received by the waves and water began to pour in from all sides. The men aboard deserted the houseboat in haste and got on the scows which were towing behind. Inside of five minutes the huge affair turned over on its side and only about a third of the house was showing above the surface. The Kaena turned towards the reef and anchored the house boat in thirteen fathoms of water. Meanwhile one of the Young Brothers' launches arrived on the scene and Captain Williams, who had charge of the night work at Pearl Harbor, came back to the city in the launch to find Mr. Jas. Agassiz of Cotton Brothers,

After standing by until it was too dark to see the Kaena took the two scows in tow and returned to the city expecting to go down today and tow the house boat up to the harbor if it

was possible to do so.

Later in the evening Tom Hobron and Allan Dunn passed by in the yacht Gladys and stood over near the scene of the accident. They reported that the house boat was fast going to pieces and said that by morning there would probably be but little left of it. The wind had blown the house nearly off use of one of the ship's boats to effect the float and only the roof was showing above the surface and the waves were constantly washing over that. If the house boat proves a total loss

a wharf directly opposite from the Clavering which is in the stream.

As soon as it was discovered that the Chinese had escaped Captain Barton notified the United States Immigrations and the Chinese had escaped Captain Barton when finished with it, it would be returned to the harbor. The dimensions it will probably have to be paid for by when new the craft was valued at

THE MAUNA LOA WRECKED ON MEXICO

A cablegram to the local office of the Marine Exchange yesterday conveyed ous position, but it is presumed that with a competency. she is a total loss.

ter, Captain Smith is well known here. She is an American vessel and Honolulu is her home port. J. Wightman was her managing owner, but Captain Smith also owned a share in her. She is an old boat having been built in Sutherland, England forty years ago. She was 184.7 feet in length, 32.6 feet beam and nineteen feet depth. The TOR. Mauna Ala up to a few months ago was a regular trader running to this ter, 8 feet deep.
One CORLISS ENGINE. 18"x42". port, but when the steamers began carrying sugar from here and cutting COILS. into the trade of the windjammers, Captain Smith decided to look for char- GENERATOR. ters elsewhere and consequently his CURENT MOTOR. vessel has not been seen in this port for many months. The last time she TIVE. left Honolulu was Jan. 24 with a load of sugar and nine days out from this SOR. port she sprang a leak. San Francisco was reached in safety and it was found that the cargo had not been dam-

TESTIMONY IN

Commissioner E. A. Douthitt was taking evidence in the steamship Clavering salvage cases yesterday after-

Judge Estee had made an order previously that the claim of Captain Lorenzen should be consolidated with that of J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co. for the purposes of testimony.

Counsel in attendance were: Smith

& Lewis, Holmes & Stanley and R. W. Breckons for Spreckelses; Robertson & Wilder for Lorenzen, and Hatch & Ballou for the Clavering.

NOT A LIGHTHOUSE BUT A NEW PARK HOUSE BOAT CUT CURAL TOTAL LOCC CURAL TOTAL LOCC REMEDIES THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin, CUTICURA Ointment, to heal the skin, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool the blood, is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring skin, scalp, and blood humours, rashes, itchings, and irritations, with loss of hair, when the best physicians, and all other remedies fail.

Millions of Women Use Cuticura Soap

Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and challings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative autiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. Cuticura Soar combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap over compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic tailet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery. Thus it combines in OME Soar at OME Price, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby scap in the world. Solid throughout the world. All about the Skin, "post free of Aust. Depot. R. Towns & Co., Sydney, K. S. W. So. African Depot. Lenson Led., Cape Town. Potter Drug and Chem. Core., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

BEFORE YOU TRY IT.....

YOU KNOW IT BY ITS NAME.

AFTER YOU TRY IT.....

YOU KNOW IT BY ITS QUALITY.

PRIMO LAGER

A Honolulu brew for Honoluluans-and others.

OLD RESIDENT PASSES AWAY

Mrs. Henry Vieira, wife of Mr. Henry Vicira, Sr., died at the family residence n Kukui lane, at 6:45 o'clock last night. She was sixty-five years old at the time of her death, the cause being attributed to heart fallure.

sixties with the first lot of Portuguese that ever landed here, among whom were Mrs. Antonio Perry, wife of for- as the Alameda and accompanied the mer Portuguese Consul; the late Mr. Scabury and wife, and a few others. She resided here permanently, never having left these shores since her arrival. She leaves a husband and eleven children besides a number of grandchildren to mourn her loss.

August 6th, at 4 o'clock, from the Hendry, Commissioner E. A. Douthitt residence.

Ala, a vessel well known in these isl- This paper was the first to take up his ands, had been wrecked on the coast of case, pro bono publico, and it fought Mexico. The dispatch did not state steadily until it had the satisfaction of whether there were any lives lost, or seeing several of his lawyers up for allegation of non-support in his wife's whether the vessel was in a danger- disbarment and himself free to go home

The Mauna Ala has been running to this port for some years and her master, Captain Smith is well known here. **Mining Machinery**

For Sale One Quadruple Yar Yan EVAPORA-

One VACUUM PAN. 7 feet diame-Five 500-gallon Brass CLARIFIER

One 60 H P Edison Bipolar 500 VOL3 One 50 H P Fort Waynee DIRECT

One 50 H P ELECTRIC LOCOMO-One 10x12 Fly Wheel AIR COMPRES.

Four Sullivan ROCK DRILLS. Two Doble ROCK DRILLS. Two American Pump Co 6x3x12 direct

acting AIR COMPRESSORS. Two Speed Regulating PUMP GOV-ERNORS. One 36 inch VENTILATING FAN.

Two W. I. LIGHT WEIGHT PUL-LEYS 65 in diameter, 12½ face. CLVAERING CASE One Duplex Worthington CIRCULA-

One T. C. Austin ROCK CRUSHER. One Aveling & Porter TRACTION One 10 Tyne FOWLER CULTIVA-

TOR. One Fowler STEAM SCOOP and spares. Twelve Dump COOLER CARS on

wheels; size 30"x30"x30".

For further particulars apply to

Davies & Co.

FAREWELL TO JUDGE ESTEE

Judge Estee was given a hearty farewell by the members of the bar and by federal officials yesterday morning. He was bedecked with leis by many friends, and Mrs. Estee also carried some beautiful flowers-the gift of ad-Mrs. Vielra came here in the early reiring triends,

The tug Fearless sailed from the Hackfeld wharf at the same moment s camer nearly to Diamond Head.

On board the Fearless were Judge W. L. Stanley, A. Lewis, Geo. Davis, W. T. Rawlins, R. W. Breckons, S. M. Ballou, J. J. Dunne, A. G. Correa, J. A. Mathewman and other attorreys. Revenue Collector Chamberlain, Clerk The funeral will take place today, W. B. Maling, United States Marshal and wife, Postmaster Oat, Louis Kenake and other federal officials were Mr. Sumner may thank the Adver- present. Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Jake, the information that the bark Mauna tiser that he got away with a nickel. Miss Ryan and other ladies also were aboard the tug.

> Wm. C. Vida denies in an answer the libel for divorge.

READ ALL OF THIS

You Never Know the Moment When This Information May Prove of Infinite Value.

(From the Sydney, N. S. W., Heraid.) It is worth considerable to any citizen of Honolulu to know the value and use of a medicine, for if there is no occasion to employ it, in the meantime, frail humanity is subjected to so many influences and unforseen contingencies that the wisest are totally unable to gauge the future. Know then that Doan's Ointment will cure any case of hemorrholds, commonly known as piles, or any disease of the cuticle or skin, generally termed eczema. One application convinces-a continuation

cures. Read this proof:

Mr. William Gilliver, of the well-known firm of Gilliver & Curtis, railway and general contractors, and whose private address is Bankstown, a suburb of Sydney, N. S. W., has written the following unso-licited letter, which we herewith publish in full: Messrs. Foster, McClellan Co., 76 Pitt

St., Sydney, N. S. W., February 14,

Dear Sirs:—In justice to you and suffering humanity I write to say that I suffered from itching piles for 23 years. I tried many doctors and pretty well all kinds of patent medicines, but got relief for a short time only. Secing your Ointment advertised, I bought a pot and did not use more than one-half of it, not six months ago, and I am perfectly cured. You may use this as you wish.

Yours gratefully, WILLIAM GILLIVER. Doan's continent is sold by all dealers at 50 cents per box or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Henclulu, agents for the Hawailan Islands.



Tuesday, August 4. Stmr. Kinau, Freeman, for Hilo and way ports at noon, Stmr. Claudine, Parker, for Maur

ports at 5 p. m. Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, for Kauai ports at 5 p. m. Stmr. Iwalani, Mosher, for Punaluu

at 5 p. m. \
Stmr. Niihau, Thompson, for Koloa

Schr. Charles L. Woodbury, for Hilo

direct at 5 p. m. Schr. Ka Mol. Hipa. for Paquilo at

4 p. m. Gas, schr. Eclipse, Gahan, for Maul and Hawaii ports at 5 p. m. off the Marine railway yesterday after Am. schr. Honolpu, McDonald, for having her bottom cleaned. She went

Honoipu to load sugar for San Fran- to the Channel wharf to be fumigated, Stmr. J. A. Cummins, W. Bennet for Koolau ports at 7 a. m.

Thursday, August 6. Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, for Kauai ports at 5 p. m.

Francisco about 5 p. m. Schr. Mary E. Foster, Thompson, for Puget Sound in ballast.

Aug. 5.—Mrs. Bosse, Miss Andrecht, Jas Blackie, W. H. Lentz, Mr. Santo, wife and six children; T. Fugisawa, G. Fugisawa, Mr. Nohara, airs. C. Rose, Mrs. H. Friolhut and child, Loo

Departed.

E. A. Fraser, A. B. Clark Jr., E. A. Mott-Smith, H. P. Benson, Mrs. Renwick, Miss K. L. Hutchinson, Miss I. F. Hutchinson, Len Wal, Mr. Renwick, C. S. Weight, C. A. McDon-nell, E. S. Boyd, wife, two children and servant; Mrs. George Herbert and daughter. J. T. McCrosson, A. S. Woods and wife, F. M. Husted,

 D. P. R. Isenberg, Miss Power, Mrs.
 C. S. Christian, Nam Yine, Rev. S. K.
 Mr. Parker is confident of the honesty Kaulili, En Yow, Achock, F. Heiduska, of all the employes and servants about W. R. Patterson, A. O. Winter, E. R. the house. Stackable, Mrs. W. R. Patterson, A. J. Davis, Chong Sing, 43 deck.

Mrs. N. Ernestberger, Miss Maihul.

Shipping Notes.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The Kinau sailed for Hilo and way ports yesterday at noon. The steamer Iwaiani sailed for Punaluu yesterday afternoon.

The schooner Charles L. Woodbury sailed or Hilo yesterday at 4 p. m.

of coal for W. G. Irwin and Co. The Mary E. Foster has gone on the Marine Railway to have her bottom

for the Sound tomorrow in ballast, difficulty in detecting the thief if he

finished discharging coal and will go monds were imported a number of on the Marine railway to have her bottom painted probably today. After years ago by Vanderslice of San Francoming off the ways she will proceed cisco for the Baroness Von Schroeder.

San Francisco yesterday with 1500 tons of sugar. This is five hundred tons sel was unable to get a full load with- to be still in the possession of the imout waiting some time.

Captain Rodman has granted permission to a man recently to dive for coal in the naval slips, the man to keep all the coal that he secures. As a number of vessels have discharged and loaded coal at the naval wharves, and there is always quite a bit of it which drops the baskets or the sling, the man should be able to make something out of his deal.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

has been nearly completed.

The O. M. Kellogg got away yesterday afternoon for Mahukona.

The American bark St. Katherine arrived at Hilo last Saturday. She made brother-in-law, Thomas Welton Stanthe trip from San Francisco in thir- ford. Mrs. Stanford will be accom-

unloading today.

The Mauna Loa & due from Hawaii seeking rest and recreation. and Maul ports today.

THE OLD RELIABLE



The steamer Kauai sailed for Kauai ports yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The schooner Minnie A. Caine came off the Marine railway yesterday after and will sail in ballast for Tacoma probably some time today.

The U. S. S. Iroquois will probably sail late this afternoon on a cruise to the other Islands. Captain Rodman Br. S. S. Clavering, Barton, for San will extend the trip to Hilo and will be gone about a week. On his return he will make a similar trip to Kauai,

PASSENGERS. Arrived. From Kauai ports, per stmr. Kauai, WERE MANY

Kinau, Aug. 4.—Young Kong, Ching Lai, Mrs. M. Aina and two children. Often Visited By Thieves.

S. The police are still working on the Kay, Mrs. L. Louis, Dr. Deas, Brother Parker robbery but with no success. G. Bertram, Rev. J. Eupuku, Joe Every place in the city where the A. Moran, L. M. Kaniho, Rev. J. B. stolen diamonds may have been sold Hanaike, Miss Kay, C. J. McGonngle, was visited but without result. Final-P. Peck, J. Chalmers and wife, T. C. ly Col. Parker is reported to have told Ridgway, Mrs. S. C. Ridgway, F. S. the police to let the matter drop if Dodge and son, Chas, Siemsen and there seemed to be no promise of sucwife, Ida Desha, R. W. Shingle, C. there seemed to be no promise of suc-there seemed to be no promise of suc-there seemed to be no promise of suc-there seemed to be no promise of suc-cess. This however will not be done, sons, Mrs. Bristol, Miss Tisdale, P. P. so Deputy Sheriff Chillingworth said yesterday, though he stated that there Per stmr. W. G. Hall, for Kaual, Aug. was absolutely no clue to work upon.

The diamond robbery is said to be For Maul ports, per stmr. Claudine, one of a series of thefts from which August 4.—J. R. Myers, C. T. Day, the inmates of the Parker homestead Geo. de S. Canavarro, Miss Hart, A.
K. Forsyth, wife and 3 children, Prof.
Rebec, Judge Kalua, J. H. Painter, W. Grimwood, J. M. Henry, Miss N. B. present and Mr. Parker raised a great Forsythe, S. Ah Me, Chang Chow, Mrs. hue and cry over the loss. All his Dickens and two children, Rev. S. E. Kekipi, Rev. J. E. Kekipi, Mrs. L. E. clothing was searched without result Menzes and child, Mrs. M. Guerino, and the servants also were examined but no trace of it would be found. Finally a few days afterwards the match coat which had just been returned by the laundryman. The missing safe is supposed to have been placed there by the thief who took this means of con-

cealing his theft. Miss Chrystal who has been visiting the Parkers for some months was The American schooner O. M. Kel- robbed on three different occasions. log will sail for Mahukona today to Once a valuable diamond brooch which The Italian ship Herat, Captain Oil- she had worn at an evening party was | 6 vari, is the next vessel expected from taken. On another occasion the chain days from that port and has 2130 tons another time she was robbed of twenty dollars in gold and some silver.

Of the blue diamond taken the other painted. She will come off today and night there is but one other in the fumigated and will probably sail United States, so there should be no The schooner Minnie A. Caine has tries to sell it. The three blue dia-Afterwards she would not take them The bark Gerard C. Tobey sailed for and Col. Parker's first wife purchased less than she can carry, but the ves- set in a ring. The third stone is said porter, and is the only one of its kind on the mainland.

COME THIS WAY

A distinguished passenger on the S. S. Ventura due here next Wednesday from San Francisco is Mrs. Jane L. Stanford, who intends to make a tour The flooring on the new Oceanic dock of the world. According to San Francisco files she was to have left San Francisco yesterday. She goes first to Australia where she will visit her panied by her secretary, Miss Bertha The American ship George Curtis ar- Berner, a maid, and possibly one of rived yesterday afternoon from San her relatives. It is Mrs. Stanford's in-Francisco twelve days out. She brings tention to sejourn in the tropical counis at the Brewer wharf and will begin tries and India in particular, and she may spend a year and a half abroad

BY AUTHORITY

TERRITORY OF HAWAIL

Treasurer's office, Honolulu, Oahu. In re Dissolution of the Wolters Waldron Company, Limited.

Whereas, the Wolters Waldron Company, Limited, a corporation established and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Hawali, has pursuant to law in such cases made and provided, duly filed in this office, a retition for the dissolution of the said corporation, together with a certificate thereto annexed as required by

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to any and all persons that have been or are now interested in any manner whatsoever in the said corporation, that objections to the granting of the said petition must be filed in this office on or before the 28th day of September and that any person or persons desiring to be heard thereon must in attendance at the office of the undersigned, in the Capitol Building, Honolulu, at 12 o'clock of said day, to show cause, if any, why said petition should not be granted.

A. N. KEPOIKAI, Treasurer Territory of Hawaii. Honolulu, July 11th, 1903 2504-to Sept. 25th.

FORECLOSURES

AMELIA G. SILVA AND OTHERS.

MORTGAGEES' NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE

To all whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, that in accordance with law and by virtue of the power of sale and provisions contained in that certain Indenture of Mortgage made by Amelia G. Silva, Manoel Golarte Silva and Luis Vasconcellos, all of North Kons, Haas Mortgagors, to William O. Smith, Mary S. Parker and Henry Waterhouse. Trustees under the Will of W. C. Lunaillo, deceased, as Mortga-gees, dated the 28th day of September, A. D. 1900, and recorded in the Registry Office in Honolulu, Oahu, in Liber 214, on pages 249 to 254, the said Mortgagees intend to foreclose said mortgage for breach of the conditions therein contained, to-wit: the non-payment by said Mortgagors of the principal sums of two certain promissory notes of said mortgagers for five thousand doilars each, when due, and the non-payment of the interest thereon, and also the non-payment of the rents due under the terms of certain leases by said mortgage pledged, according to the covenants and agreements in said mortgage contained.

Notice is also hereby given that purthe lands and property, real, personal property described in that certain sup- due property, will be sold by said Mort- day, gagees at public auction at the auction coom of Jas. F. Morgan, in Honolulu, R. Castle, attorney for mortgages. Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, on Saturday the twenty-ninth (29th) August, A. D. 1903, at the hour of

twelve o'clock noon of said day. The property covered by said mortgage and supplementary mortgage, and therein described, and intended to be All that certa sold as aforesaid, is described as follows, to-wit:

gage, the following property: in R. P. (Grant) 1604 to Naaimakohi, situate at said North Kona, and being others dated July 11, 1896, recorded in the same premises conveyed to said Liber 159, page 497, being lots 39, 49, 41 Amelia G. Silva by deed of M. F. and 42 in Block 3, containing an area Scott, dated July 22, 1897, recorded in of 21,000 sq. ft., and conveyed to mortsaid Registry Office in Liber 173, page gagor by deed of August Johnson, dat-

2. A portion of the land described in L. C. A. 10400 to said Naaimakohi, situate at said North Kona, and being the same premises conveyed to said by said deed recorded in Liber 173, page

3. Five (5) shares of the Hui Alna of Newcastle. She is now out forty-two worn with the brooch was stolen, Still Holualoa, North Kona, described in said deed of M. F. Scott 4. That certain lease of the Ahupuar

of Kaumalumalu, assigned to said Amelia G. Silva by said deed of M. F. Scott.

As per Schedule "B" of said mort gage, the following property:

A portion of the land described in Royal Patent (Grant) 3019 to Kaalpulu, onveyed to said Luis Vasconcellos by deed of Simona, et al., dated October 22, 1897, containing an area of eight ieres, said deed being recorded in said Registry Office in Liber 172, page 465. A portion of the land described in

(Grant) No. 983 to Kipola, situate at Kahaluu, said North Kona, and beng the same premises described in deed from Paulo Mioi to said Luis Vascondated August 9, 1897, recorded in said Registry Office in Liber 177, page

3. All those pieces of land situate it Kapalaniaea in said North Kona, de-scribed in R. P. 3763, L. C. A. 1062 to Publ. containing 3.16 acres, 338 fathoms. 4. Lease from Annie Peahe and husband to said Luis Vasconcellos, dated September 5, 1899, recorded in said Registry Office in Liber 190, pages 474-

Lease of that parcel of land at said Holualea, containing 2 acres, ad-joining land of said Amelia G. Silva, described in lease from John Gomez to
described in lease from John Gomez to
lot 12 for Dickson; eight years from said 28th day of Sep-

tember, 1900, yet to run. As per Schedule "C" of said mortbeing all and singular described in a certain deed made by the Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Company, Limited, to the Kailua Coffee Company, Limited, recorded in said Registry Office in Liber Wong Wa Foy August 1, 1896, recorded on pages 101 to 104; to-wit:

All that parcel of land known as

of land situate within the Ahupunas of 5184 square feet, conveyed to John Office in Liber 189, page 40; Lanlon 2 and Kapalaalaea, said North Konn, and being the same premises de- Widemann recorded in Liber 36, page 39, scribed in deed from James I. Dowsett to the Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Company, Limited, recorded in said Regis-

try Office in Liber 142, page 23. All that certain piece or parcel of land situate at Kahaluu, sald North Kona, and more particularly described

in L. C. A. 5635D.
4. All that land situate at Kahaluu aforesaid, described in R. P. 4273, L. C. 5. All that land situate at Kahaluu

aforesaid, being a portion of the land described in R. P. 4418, L. C. A. 5687. 6. Lease from Simona Naaimokohi 134, page 159.

Lease from Lahapa Halsey to

9. Lease from S. B. Kaomea and others to said Hawaiian Coffee and Tea wit, the non-payment of interest when due.

Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Co., Ltd. said, on Saturday, the 5th day of Sep-is. Lease from Kanewa Opio to said tember, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of that

Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Co., Ltd. As per said Supplementary Mortgage

the right, title and interest of said scribed as lots No. 7 and 8, in Block 3, Aylett in the Ahupuaa of Kaumalumalu in said North Kona, being three Kewalo Lots at said Kewalo, Honoundivided fourths theerin, said lease being recorded in said Registry Office Co., filed in the office of the Registrar in Liber 144 on pages 392 to 393.

Terms: Cash United States. Cash in gold coin of the Deeds at expense of purchasers Dated Honolulu, Oahu, July 22nd,

WILLIAM O. SMITH. MARY S. PARKER, HENRY WATERHOUSE

Trustees under the Will of W. C. Lunalilo, deceased, For further particulars inquire at the

ffice of W. O. Smith, room 206 Judd Building, Honolulu. Smith & Lewis and Louis J. Warren, attorneys for Mortgagees. 2506—July 24, 31, Aug. 7, 14, 21.

C. B. GRAY.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

In accordance with the provisions of certain mortgage made by C. B. Gray to William R. Castle, Trustee, dated September 28, 1899, recorded in Liber uant to said authority all and singular 156, page 435, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the and mixed, including leaseholds, in said same for condition broken, to wit; non-mortgage described, and also all the payment of interest and principal when

ered by said mortgage will be advertis plementary to and intended as a part ed for sale at public auction, at the of the said mortgage of September 28, auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, in 1900, hereinabove referred to, and all improvement of any and all of said August, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said

Further particulars can be had of W Dated Honolulu, July 30, 1903.

WILLIAM R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE,

The premises covered by said mort All that certain piece or parcel of land situate at the Ewa side of Nuuanu Valley, being part of those prem As per Schedule "A" of said mort- ises described in R. P. No. 3050 to H. A. Widemann and that were a part of A portion of the land described those conveyed to Wong Wa Foy, Trus-

> ed Sept. 28, 1899. 2508-July 31, Aug. 7, 14, 21.

WILLIAM MEEK.

M. F. Scott MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

> In accordance with the provisions of certain mortgage made by Rachel Shaw Meek and Herman Meek to Wil liam R. Castle, Trustee, dated August 8, 1896, recorded in Liber 163, page 316, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same fo condition broken, to-wit: non-payment of interest and principal when due.

Notice is likewise given that after he expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property covered by said mortgage will be adver tised for sale at public auction, at the auction rooms of Jas. F. Morgan, Honolulu, on Saturday, the 29th day of August, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon of said day.

Further particulars can be had of W. R. Castle, attorney for mortgagee. Dated Honolulu, August 7, 1903. WILLIAM R. CASTLE, TRUSTEE, Mortgagee

The premises covered by said mortgage consist of:

All those premises situated at Puunui, Honolulu, Island of Oahu, more particularly described as follows Beginning at the north corner of Liliha street and the upper end of the First Subdivision road, and running as follows:

(1) S. 52° 60' W. True 31 feet along road 40 feet wide; (2) N. 38° 00' W. True 150 feet along

(3) N. 52 00' E. True 75 feet along

(4) S. 38' 00' E. True 130 feet along rage, the following property, the same lot 16, Block 2, to Lilliha street, thence along Liliha street to initial point; containing an area of 10,800 square feet,

in Liber 165, page 59 2. All the undivided one-sixth (1-6) the Ahupuan of Lanion 2, containing interest of Rachel Meek in that certain premises on the Ewa side of Smith or Konia street, in Honolulu, Island of or Konia street, in Honolulu, Island of

Shaw, now deceased, by deed of H. A. and Keakul, liber 28, page 16, together with the buildings and structures thereon, and also her share in the rents, issues and profits therefrom. * 2510-Aug. 7, 14, 21.

J. T. FIGUEREDO & WIFE.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE, AND OF

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in that certain mortgage dated the 14th day of to A. A. Todd and Thos. Sylva, re-corded in said Registry Office in Liber on pages 278 and 280 made by J. T. on pages 278 and 280, made by J. T. Figueredo and Clorinda T. Figueredo. Thomas Sylva, of record in said Registry Office in Liber 134, page 125. Lease from Malaea K. Leleiwi to Brown, Trustee, intends to foreclost aid Hawaiian Coffee and Tea Co., Ltd. said mortgage for breach of the

19. Lease from Lokalia Alawa and and singular the lands, tenements and husband to said Hawalian Coffee and hereditaments in said mortgage de-11. Lease from J. Kanewa to said scribed will be sold at public auction by James F. Morgan, at his salesroom, Lease from Kanewa Apio to said on Kaahumanu street, Honolulu aforesaid, on Saturday, the 5th day of Sepday.

The property covered by said mortgage are:

Deed, the following property: gage are:

1. Lease from R. W. Aylett to said All those certain lots, tracts, pieces or Manoel Golarte Silva, dated April 17, parcels of land situate at Kewalo, in 1894, for the term of 25 years, of all said Honolulu, more particularly deas shown and designated on the Map of lulu, as platted for Bruce, Waring & of Conveyances, and further described as being a portion of the land described in Royal Patent No. 5716, L. C. A. 10605, and being the same premises conveyed to him as follows: Lot No. 7, Block 3, conveyed to said J. T. Figueredo by deed of C. S. Desky, Trustee, and wife, dated November 19, 1897, and recorded in Liber 177, page 49. 8. Block 3. conveyed to said J. T. Figueredo by Damazo de Mello and wife by deed dated September 28, 1898, and duly placed on record. Said premises as above contain an area of 10,000

square feet. Terms: Cash, United States Gold oin. Deeds at the expense of ourhaser

Dated Honolulu, August 3rd, 1903. CECIL BROWN, TRUSTEE. 2510F

M. I. SILVA & WIFE.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE, AND OF

Notice is hereby given that by virue of a power of sale contained in hat certain mortgage dated the 20th day of May, 1901, recorded in Liber 220 on pages 262 to 264, made by M. I. Silva ind Marianna I. Silva, his wife, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, to Cecil Brown, Trustee, the said Cecil Brown, Trustee, ntends to foreclose said mortgage for reach of the conditions in said mortgage, to wit, the non-payment of prinipal and interest when due.

Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and pereditaments in said mortgage decribed will be sold at public auction by James F. Morgan at his salesroom, on Kaahumanu street, Honolulu aforesaid, on Saturday, the 5th day of September, 1963, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.

The property covered by said mort gage are: All those certain lots, piece or parcels of land situate at Puunui, n said Honolulu, being known as Lots No. 15 and 17, Block 3, of Puunui Tract, Honolulu aforesaid, being a portion of the premises described in Royal Fa-tent (Grant) No. 3050, and being the same premises that were conveyed to he said M. I. Silva by deed dated cember 15, 1900, and recorded in Liber 216, on pages 221 and 222, and containng an area of 10,000 square feet.

Cash, United States Gold Terms: oin. Deeds at the expense of the purhaser. Dated Honolulu, August 3rd, 1903.

CECIL BROWN, TRUSTEE. 2510F LOUIS M. McKEAGUE.

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION OF FORECLOSURE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant o the power of sale contained in that ertain mortgage dated December 20, 900, made by Louis M. McKeague and Alia Akai McKeague, wife of said Louis M. McKeague, both of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, Mortgagors, to J. W. Leonhart, of Patuilo, Island of Hawaii, Territory aforesaid, Mortgagee, and recorded in the Registry Office, Oahu, in Liber 213, pages 439 to 442, the mortgagee intends to foreclose said mortgage for condidon broken, to-wit: the non-payment of

principal and interest when due. Notice is likewise given that the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, on Saturday, 8th day of August, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon

The property covered by said mort-

All those certain lots or tracts of land situate at Kapahulu, in said Honolulu, and described as follows: First: Lots 18 and 19 of Block 6A of

Lot 31, said Lot 31 being a portion of Apana 32 of Land Commission Award 8559B; being the same premises conveyed to said Louis M. McKeague by deeds of Wm. L. Peterson, dated respectively, July 17, 1900, and August 1, 1900, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 209, page 346 and Liber 209,

page 347 respectively; and Also: Lots 9 and 10 of Block 5A of said Lot 31, being the same premises conveyed to said Louis M. McKeague by deed of C. S. Martin, dated Decem-ber 18, 1900, and recorded in said Regis-

ter Office in Liber -, page -.
Also: Lot 8 of Block F, of Lot 33 of sald Apana 32, Land Commissioners' Award 8559B; being the same premises conveyed to said L. M. McKeague by 2. All those certain pieces or parcels Oahu, comprising 144 square fathoms or 16, 1898, and recorded in said Register deed of Paul Muhlendorf, dated April

Second: Lots 10 and 11 of said Block 6A of said Lot 31; being the same premises conveyed to saiu Alia Akai by deed of C. Winam, dated June 3, 1829, and recorded in said Register Office in Liber

page 121. Together with all the rights, easements, privileges and ap-purtenances thereto belonging. Terms: United States Gold Coin. Deeds at the expense of the pur-

chaser. For further particulars apply to William O. Smith, Judd Building, Hono-

Dated Honolulu, July 9, 1903. J. W. LEONHART,

By his attorney-in-fact, W. O. Smith.

ANCIENT FARMING DATA STILL EXTANT

The antique circular issued by the United States Agricultural Department upon the farming outlook in Hawall is still going the rounds of the Eastern press. It was issuel about 1850 by the Royal Agricultural Society of Hawaii and has just reached Washington. The circular is appended as a curio:

The benefits to the agricultural industries of the Hawaiian Islands re-sulting from the closer relationship with the United States which has come through annexation are shown by some remarkable statements recently made by a committee organized in those islands in the interest of improved agricultural products to meet the demands of the United States for tropical products of various kinds. This committee was appointed by a public meeting recently held in the Hawaiian Islands, and in its address to the people of the islands says:

The importance and almost necessity of an institution like the one contemplated is too evident to require exposition. For years past, the agricultural interests of these islands have been insignificant, and their pursuit unprofitable. With an uncertain and distant market-with little or no encouragement, or facilities given to foreign tillers of the soil, without proper knowledge of the soil, or sufficient capital to experiment upon its capabilities. most of the agricultural enterprises have languished or utterly falled. And with the exception of a few sugar and coffee plantations, the proprietors of which have invested too much capital to be able to abandon them without heavy loss, and which were still struggling on with doubtful prospects, the whole amount of agricultural operations at these islands consisted in the raising of fruit and vegetables for the fleet of whaleships that semi-annually ouched here for supplies.

"Within the last two years, however, great and sudden change has taken place in the prospects of this group. The extension of the territory and government of the United States to borders of the Pacific, the wonderful discoveries in California, and the consequent almost instantaneous creation of a mighty State on 'the western front of the American Union,' has, as it were, with the wand of a magician, drawn this little group into the very focus of civilization and prosperity. ourselves suddenly surrounded by intelligent, enterprising neighbors, who call loudly to us to furnish of our abundance and receive in exchange of theirs. Our coffee and sugar no longer remain piled in our warehouses. Our fruits and vegetables no longer decay on the spot where they were grown. We are not even compelled to seek for them a market, but clamorous pur-chasers come to our very doors and by the royalist element, who have never been reconciled to the overthrow of the monarchy, and their influence is distinctly pernicious, tending as it to foment political discord and obstruct progress.—Army and Navy Journal. carry off our supplies with an eagerness that has caused us to feel a scarcity ourselves, and we are assured that not only for all these, but for any other products of the soil that we will raise, a ready and increasing demand may be relied on from our enterprising neighbors. The native government too. impelled by the irresistible influence and example of the Anglo-Saxon energy and progress, which it sees in every

ing their cultivation by foreign skill and capital." The demand of the United States for tropical products indicated in the above statement is illustrated by the following table, which shows the value of tropical products imported into the United States in 1880 and 1902, respectively:

direction, is relaxing its former tena-

cious grasp on arable lands of the Isl-

ands, and even inviting and encourage

Articles. 1880 Cane sugar and molasses \$88,762,686 \$49,722,471 Coffee 60,360,769 70,982,155 Rubber and gutta 42,635,351 9,606,239 25,151,559 Fruits and nuts.... 14,028,903 21,480,525 28,437,039 5,083,275 ufactures of 7,402,300 17,708,189 591.120 12,208,231 9,390,128 8.718,591 7,744,183 2,817,164 locoa and choco-7,053,961 Spices 2,428,657 3,685,242 2,926,921 1,610,318 Rice 2,464,934 2,786,606 2,855,759 Feathers 50,704 5,110,923 Dyewoods and ex-1,158,904 1,808,780 Total tropical and subtropical ports, including items not above

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Wife: "John, I wish you would mind the baby for an hour or two. I'm going downtown to have a tooth pulled."

Husband (inspired): "You mind the baby, my dear, and I'll go downtown and get a couple of teeth pulled."-The Chicago News.